ARKANSAS STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION ARDOT-EQUIPMENT AND PROCUREMENT DIVISION BID INVITATION

ealed elivery ttachr comp rice se compa		cly opened at the above-noted bid op ted bids will not be considered. e undersigned offers and agrees to fu Name (Type or Print):	Procurement P.O. Box 226 Little Rock, A this Bid Invitation w ening location. Bid urnish any and all it	pment and AR t Division Pro 51 11 AR 72203 Lit ill be received at ds must be subm terms upon which	nitted on this form, with prices are quoted, at the					
uure	55									
ity:	State: Zip:									
edera	al Tax ID or Social Security No.:									
em No.	Description	C	Quantity Unit	Unit Price	Amount					
	 White River TIC Partial Sewer Main Replacement - be installed by directional bore under the river basin banks of the river, replacing the previous existing, f (Job No. 36-2988) To meet the requirements of Arkansas Department of Trabid. For questions about Bidding requirements contact Danny For questions about job specifications contact Phillip Wa A mandatory pre-bid meeting is required for all poter an appointment and get directions to the job site. All bidders should complete and return the Eligible Bidder Standard Bid Conditions – Item 18) issued with this bid. Certification (see Page 2 of Standard Bid Conditions – Item 	and connected to existing ailed 4" sewer line bore ur ansportation Specifications an Keene (501-569-2674) atkins (501-569-4950) atial bidders. Please contact cr Certification (Attachment A current copy of the DFA I	g forced main nder the White nd Drawings at t Phillip Watk A) and Disclos llegal Immigra	piping on the River at Ha tached to and ins (501-569- ure Form (see	e east and west azen, AR. made part of this -4950) to schedule					
	Bid price shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to perform the work as specified, and shall further include all licenses, fees, permits, royalties, and <u>all taxes</u> . Bid price shall represent full compensation for completion of the work. This provision supersedes Condition 5 on page 1 of Standard Bid Conditions. Payment will be made in accordance with Arkansas Department of Transportation Standard Specification and Applicable Special Provisions.									
	Bid Bond in the amount of 5% of total bid price is required of all bidders at time of bid opening or bid will be rejected. <u>Personal and company checks are not acceptable as Bid Bonds.</u> See Condition 4 on page 1of Standard Bid Conditions. <u>Performance Bond only (no checks of any kind allowed) in the amount of 100% will be required of successful bidder prior to</u> providing goods/services. See Condition 4 on page 1 of Standard Bid Conditions.									
	The successful bidder will be required to begin within after notice to begin with Exceptions.	n 15 days after notice of to	begin and con	nplete within	1 90 calendar days					
	Arkansas Contractor's License No Current Arkansas Contractor's License Number must	<u> </u>								
	Current Arkansas Contractor's License Number mus	t be listed or bid will be rejo	ected (A.C.A.	¶17-25-101 e	r <mark>t. seq.).</mark>					

ARKANSAS STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION ARDOT-EQUIPMENT AND PROCUREMENT DIVISION

Bid No.: M-21-	-001H	BIDDER:			Page 2
ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION		QUANITITY	UNIT	
		CDD11			

1. New 4" Fusion welded HDPE SDR11 sewer line (steel encased) to be installed by directional bore under the river basin and connected to existing forced main piping on the east and west banks of the river, replacing the previous existing, failed 4" sewer line bore under the White River at Hazen, AR. (Job No. 36-2988)

LUMP SUM _____

ARKANSAS STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION

ARDOT - STANDARD BID CONDITIONS

- 1. **GENERAL:** Any special terms and conditions included in the invitation for bid override these standard terms and conditions. The standard terms and conditions and any special terms and conditions become part of any contract entered into if any or all parts of the bid are accepted by the Arkansas Department of Transportation (ARDOT).
- ACCEPTANCE AND REJECTION: ARDOT reserves the right to reject any or all bids, to accept bids in whole or in part (unless otherwise indicated by bidder), to waive any informalities in bids received, to accept bids on materials or equipment with variations from specifications where efficiency of operation will not be impaired, and to award bids to best serve the interest of the State.
- 3. PRICES: Unless otherwise stated in the Bid Invitation, the following will apply: (1) unit prices shall be bid, (2) prices should be stated in units of quantity specified (feet, each, lbs., etc.), (3) prices must be F.O.B. destination specified in bid, (4) prices must be firm and not subject to escalation, (5) bid must be firm for acceptance for 30 days from bid opening date. In case of errors in extension, unit prices shall govern. Discounts from bid price will not be considered in making awards.
- BID BONDS AND PERFORMANCE BONDS: If required, a Bid Bond in the form of a cashier's check, certified check, or surety 4 bond issued by a surety company, in an amount stated in the Bid Invitation, must accompany bid. Personal and company checks are not acceptable as Bid Bonds. Failure to submit a Bid Bond as required will cause a bid to be rejected. The Bid Bond will be forfeited as liquidated damages if the successful bidder fails to provide a required Performance Bond within the period stipulated by ARDOT or fails to honor their bid. When a bidder claims and can show clear and convincing evidence that a material mistake was made in the bid and was not the bid intended, the bidder may be permitted to withdraw their bid prior to award without forfeiture of bid bond. Cashier's checks and certified checks submitted as Bid Bonds will be returned to unsuccessful bidders; surety bonds will be retained. The successful bidder will be required to furnish a Performance Bond in an amount stated in the Bid Invitation and in the form of a cashier's check, certified check, or surety bond issued by a surety company, unless otherwise stated in the Bid Invitation, as a guarantee of delivery of goods/services in accordance with the specifications and within the time established in the bid. Personal and company checks are not acceptable as Performance Bonds. In some cases, a cashier's check or certified check submitted as a Bid Bond will be held as the Performance Bond of the successful bidder. Cashier's checks or certified checks submitted as Performance Bonds will be refunded shortly after payment has been made to the successful bidder for completion of all terms of the bid; surety bonds will be retained. Surety bonds must be issued by a surety company that is authorized to do business in the State of Arkansas and that is listed on the current United States Department of the Treasury Listing of Approved Sureties. Surety bonds must be executed by a resident or non-resident agent who is licensed by the Arkansas State Insurance Commissioner to represent the surety company executing the bond, and the resident or non-resident agent shall file with the bond the power of attorney of the agent to act on behalf of the bonding company. Certain bids involving labor will require Performance Bonds in the form of surety bonds only (no checks of any kind allowed). These bonds shall not only serve to guarantee the completion of the work, but also to guarantee the excellence of both workmanship and material until the work is finally accepted and the provisions of the Plans, Specifications, and Special Provisions fulfilled. In such cases, the company issuing the surety bond must comply with all stipulations herein and must be named in the U.S. Treasury listing of companies holding Certificates of Authority as acceptable sureties on Federal Bonds and as acceptable reinsuring companies. Any excess between the face amount of the bond and the underwriting limitation of the bonding company shall be protected by reinsurance provided by an acceptable reinsuring company. Annual Bid and Performance Bonds on file with E & P Division must have sufficient unencumbered funds to meet current bonding requirements, or the bid will be rejected, unless the balance is submitted as set forth above, prior to bid opening.
- 5. TAXES: The ARDOT is not exempt from Arkansas State Sales and Use Taxes, or local option city/county sales taxes, when applicable, and bidders are responsible to the State Revenue Department for such taxes. These taxes should not be included in bid prices, but where required by law, will be paid by the ARDOT as an addition thereto, and should be added to the billing to the ARDOT. The ARDOT is exempt from Federal Excise Taxes on all commodities except motor fuels; and excise taxes should not be included in bid prices except for motor fuels. Where applicable, tax exemption certificates will be furnished by the ARDOT.
- "ALL OR NONE" BIDS: Bidders who wish to bid "All or None" on two or more items shall so stipulate on the face of bid sheet; otherwise, bid may be awarded on an individual item basis.
- 7. SPECIFICATIONS: Complete specifications should be attached for any substitution or alternate offered, or where amplification is necessary. Bidder's name must be placed on all attachments to the bid.
- 8. EXCEPTIONS TO SPECIFICATIONS: Any exceptions to the bid specifications must be stated in the bid. Any exceptions to manufacturer's published literature must be stated in the bid, or it will be assumed that bidder is bidding exactly as stated in the literature.
- 9. BRAND NAME REFERENCES: All brand name references in bid specifications refer to that commodity or its equivalent, unless otherwise stated in Bid Invitation. Bidder should state brand or trade name of item being bid, if such name exists.
- 10. FREIGHT: All freight charges should be included in bid price. Any change in common carrier rates authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission will be adjusted if such change occurs after the bid opening date. Receipted common carrier bills that reflect ICC authorized rate changes must be furnished.

- 11. SAMPLES, LITERATURE, DEMONSTRATIONS: Samples and technical literature must be provided free of any charge within 14 days of ARDOT request, and free demonstrations within 30 days, unless ARDOT extends time. Failure to provide as requested within this period may cause bid to be rejected. Samples, literature and demonstrations must be substantially the same as the item(s) being bid, unless otherwise agreed to by ARDOT. Samples that are not destroyed will be returned upon request at bidder's expense. Samples from successful bidders may be retained for comparison with items actually furnished.
- 12. GUARANTY: Unless otherwise indicated in Bid Invitation, it is understood and agreed that any item offered or shipped on this bid shall be newly manufactured, latest model and design, and in first class condition; and that all containers shall be new, suitable for storage or shipment and in compliance with all applicable laws relating to construction, packaging, labeling and registration.
- 13. BACKORDERS OR DELAY IN DELIVERY: Backorders or failure to deliver within the time required may constitute default. Vendor must give written notice to the ARDOT, as soon as possible, of the reason for any delay and the expected delivery date. The ARDOT has the right to extend delivery if reasons appear valid. If reason or delivery date is not acceptable, vendor is in default.
- 14. **DEFAULT:** All commodities furnished will be subject to inspection and acceptance by ARDOT after delivery. Default in promised delivery or failure to meet specifications authorizes the ARDOT to cancel award or any portion of same, to reasonably purchase commodities or services elsewhere and to charge full increase, if any, in cost and handling to defaulting vendor. Applicable bonds may be forfeited.
- 15. ETHICS: "It shall be a breach of ethical standards for a person to be retained, or to retain a person, to solicit or secure a State contract upon an agreement of understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee, except for retention of bona fide employees or bona fide established commercial selling agencies maintained by the contractor for the purpose of securing business." (Arkansas Code, Annotated, Section 19-11-708).
- 16. NOTICE OF NONDISCRIMINATION: The Arkansas State Highway Commission, through ARDOT, complies with all civil rights provisions of federal statutes and related authorities that prohibit discrimination in programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance. Therefore, ARDOT does not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, color, age, national origin, religion (not applicable as a protected group under the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration Title VI Program), disability, Limited English Proficiency (LEP), or low-income status in the admission, access to and treatment in the ARDOT's programs and activities, as well as the ARDOT's hiring or employment practices. Complaints of alleged discrimination and inquiries regarding the ARDOT's nondiscrimination policies may be directed to Joanna P. McFadden Section Head EEO/DBE (ADA/504/Title VI Coordinator), P. O. Box 2261, Little Rock, AR 72203, (501)569-2298, (Voice/TTY 711), or the following email address: joanna.mcfadden@ardot.gov. Free language assistance for Limited English Proficient individuals is available u p o n request. This notice is available from the ADA/504/Title VI Coordinator in large print, on audiotape and in Braille.
- 17. **PROHIBITION OF EMPLOYMENT OF ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS:** Pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated 19-11-105, all bidders must certify prior to award of a contract that they <u>do not</u> employ or contract with any illegal immigrant(s) in its contract with the state.
- 18. **DISCLOSURE:** Failure to make any disclosure required by Governor's Executive Order 98-04, or any violation of any rule, regulation, or policy adopted pursuant to that order, **shall** be a material breach of the terms of this contract. Any contractor, whether an individual or entity, who fails to make the required disclosure or who violates any rule, regulation, or policy **shall** be subject to all legal remedies available to the agency.

ATTACHMENT A

ELIGIBLE BIDDER CERTIFICATION

The Bidder represents and warrants for itself, its employees and its subcontractors and certifies they:

- 1. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- 2. Have not within a three-year period preceding thus Bid been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- 3. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State, or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph two (2) of this Certification;
- 4. Have not within a one-year period preceding this application/Bid had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default; and

The Bidder represents, warrants and acknowledges the understanding that restrictions placed on the employment of labor or on the scale of pay for the work on a contract will be the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act (Federal Wage-Hour Law) of 1938, 28 USC §201 et seq., and other applicable labor laws.

The person executing this Certification further represents, warrants and affirms the truthfulness and accuracy of the contents of the statements submitted on or with this Certification and understands that the provisions of 31 USC §3801 et seq. are applicable thereto.

BIDDER NAME

BY:_____

Signature

TITLE:

RESTRICTION OF BOYCOTT OF ISRAEL CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated § 25-1-503, a public entity **shall not** enter into a contract valued at \$1,000 or greater with a company unless the contract includes a written certification that the person or company is not currently engaged in, and agrees for the duration of the contract not to engage in, a boycott of Israel.

By signing below, the Contractor agrees and certifies that they do not boycott Israel and will not boycott Israel during the remaining aggregate term of the contract.

If a company does boycott Israel, see Arkansas Code Annotated § 25-1-503.

Bid Number/Contract Number	M-21-001H
Description of product or service	White River TIC Partial Sewer Replacement
Contractor name	

Contractor Signature:	
Signature must be hand written, in ink	

Date: _____

ILLEGAL IMMIGRANT CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Arkansas Code Annotated § 19-11-105, Contractor(s) shall certify with OSP that they do not employ or contract with illegal immigrants.

By signing below, the Contractor agrees and certifies that they do not employ illegal immigrants and will not employ illegal immigrants during the remaining aggregate term of the contract.

Bid Number/Contract Number	M-21-001H
AASIS Number	N/A
Description	White River TIC Partial Sewer Replacement
Contractor name	

Contractor Signature:	Date:
Signature must be hand written, in ink	

Failure to complete all of th	e following	informatio	n may result in a delay in obtaining :	a contract, le	ease, purchase a	Failure to complete all of the following information may result in a delay in obtaining a contract, lease, purchase agreement, or grant award with any Arkansas State Agency.			1
SUBCONTRACTOR:	SUBCONTRACTOR NAME	CTOR NAME:							
			IS THIS FOR:						
TAXPAYER ID NAME:			Coods?	Services?	🗆 Both?				
YOUR LAST NAME:			FIRST NAME:			ALL:			
ADDRESS:									
CITY:			STATE:		ZIP CODE:	COUNTY:			
AS A CONDITION O ANY ARKANSAS ST	F OBTA	INING, E	<u>AS A CONDITION OF OBTAINING, EXTENDING, AMENDING, OI</u> ANY ARKANSAS STATE AGENCY, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATI	<u>OR RENI</u> ATION M	R RENEWING A CONTRAC	R RENEWING A CONTRACT, LEASE, PURCHASE AGREEMENT, OR GRANT AWARD WITH ION MUST BE DISCLOSED:	R GRANT AW	ARD WITH	
					FOR INDIVIDUALS*	DUALS*			
Indicate below if: you, your s Member. or State Employee:	ir spouse c se:	or the broth	her, sister, parent, or child of you o	or your spor	use is a current	Indicate below if: you, your spouse or the brother, sister, parent, or child of you or your spouse is a current or former: member of the General Assembly, Constitutional Officer, State Board or Commission Member. or State Employee:	Officer, State Boa	d or Commission	
		Mark (🗸)	Name of Position of Job Held		For How Long?	What is the person(s) name and how are they related to you? (i.e., Jane Q. Public, spouse, John Q. Public, Jr., child, etc.)	ed to you? ild, etc.)		
	Current	Former	(Senator, representative, name of board/ commission, data entry, etc.)	From MM/YY	To MM/YY	Person's Name(s)		Relation	
General Assembly									
Constitutional Officer									
State Board or Commission Member									
State Employee									
□ None of the above applies	pplies								
			FOR	AN E	NTITY (BI	FOR AN ENTITY (BUSINESS)*			
Indicate below If any of th Officer, State Board or Co	e followin mmission l	g persons, Member, S	current or former, hold any positi tate Employee, or the spouse, bro	on of contro other, sister,	ol or hold any o , parent, or chil	Indicate below If any of the following persons, current or former, hold any position of control or hold any ownership interest of 10% or greater in the entity: member of the General Assembly, Constitutional Officer, State Board or Commission Member, State Employee, or the spouse, brother, sister, parent, or child of a member of the General Assembly, Constitutional Officer, State Board or Commission	the General Asse er, State Board or	nbly, Constitutiona Commission	B
Member, or State Employ	ee. Positio	n of contro	ol means the power to direct the p	ourchasing p	oolicies or influe	Member, or State Employee. Position of control means the power to direct the purchasing policies or influence the management of the entity.			
Bosition Held	Mark (🗸)	(~);	Name of Position of Job Held	For How Long?	ong?	What is the person(s) name and what is his/her % of ownership interest and/or What is his/her position of control?	nip interest and/or		
	Current	Former	(Senator, representative, name of board/ commission, data entry, etc.)	From MM/YY N	To MM/YY	Person's Name(s)	Ownership Interest (%)	Pasition of Control	
General Assembly									
Constitutional Officer									
State Board or Commission Member									
State Employee									
□ None of the above applies	pplies		*						

CONTRACT AND GRANT DISCLOSURE AND CERTIFICATION FORM

	der, ates		te a eby l with		that tion,	f the the				
	Failure to make any disclosure required by Governor's Executive Order 98-04, or any violation of any rule, regulation, or policy adopted pursuant to that Order, shall be a material breach of the terms of this contract. Any contractor, whether an individual or entity, who fails to make the required disclosure or who violates any rule, regulation, or policy shall be subject to all legal remedies available to the agency.	NS:	Prior to entering into any agreement with any subcontractor, prior or subsequent to the contract date, I will require the subcontractor to complete a CONTRACT AND GRANT DISCLOSURE AND CERTIFICATION FORM . Subcontractor shall mean any person or entity with whom I enter an agreement whereby I assign or otherwise delegate to the person or entity, for consideration, all, or any part, of the performance required of me under the terms of my contract with the state agency.		Failure to make any disclosure required by Governor's Executive Order 98-04, or any violation of any rule, regulation, or policy adopted pursuant to that Order, shall be a material breach of the terms of this subcontract. The party who fails to make the required disclosure or who violates any rule, regulation, or policy shall be subject to all legal remedies available to the contractor.	No later than ten (10) days after entering into any agreement with a subcontractor, whether prior or subsequent to the contract date, I will mail a copy of the CONTRACT AND GRANT DISCLOSURE AND CERTIFICATION FORM completed by the subcontractor and a statement containing the dollar amount of the subcontract to the state agency.	Date	Phone No.		Contract or Grant No.
ure and Certification Form	any violation of any rule, regulation, an individual or entity, who fails to m agency.	act with a state agency I agree as follo	ubsequent to the contract date, I wi ractor shall mean any person or entity r any part, of the performance require	intractor:	98-04, or any violation of any rule, re arty who fails to make the required di:	ntractor, whether prior or subsequent ted by the subcontractor and a state	τ.			Contact Phone No.
Contract and Grant Disclosure and Certification Form	Governor's Executive Order 98-04, or his contract. Any contractor, whether ct to all legal remedies available to the	ending, amending, or renewing a contri	int with any subcontractor, prior or s E AND CERTIFICATION FORM. Subcont berson or entity, for consideration, all, c	l will include the following language as a part of any agreement with a subcontractor:	equired by Governor's Executive Order ! 1 of the terms of this subcontract. The pa gal remedies available to the contractor.	ering into any agreement with a subco RE AND CERTIFICATION FORM comple	Title	Title		Agency Contact Person
	Failure to make any disclosure required by Governor's Executive Order 98-04, or any viol shall be a material breach of the terms of this contract. Any contractor, whether an indivi any rule, regulation, or policy shall be subject to all legal remedies available to the agency.	As an additional condition of obtaining, extending, amending, or renewing a contract with a state agency l agree as follows:	 Prior to entering into any agreeme CONTRACT AND GRANT DISCLOSUR assign or otherwise delegate to the p the state agency. 	2. I will include the following language	Failure to make any disclosure required by Governor's Ey Order, shall be a material breach of the terms of this sub or policy shall be subject to all legal remedies available to	 No later than ten (10) days after entering into any agreemen CONTRACT AND GRANT DISCLOSURE AND CERTIFICATION subcontract to the state agency. 	Signature	Vendor Contact Person	Asency Lise Only	Agency Agency Number Name
	Failt shal any	As a		-			Sig	Vei		NN

June 2020

JOB NO. 36-2988 WHITE RIVER TIC PARTIAL SEWER LINE REPLACEMENT HAZEN, AR PRAIRIE COUNTY

ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

10324 Interstate 30 P.O. Box 2261 Little Rock, Arkansas 72203

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DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

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- 01 26 00CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCE01 30 00ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS01 60 00PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

- EXECUTION AND CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS 01 70 00

DIVISION 31 – EARTHWORK

31 20 00 EARTH MOVING

APPENDIX A

ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS GUIDELINES AND PERMITS

SECTION 01 10 00 - SUMMARY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 **PROJECT INFORMATION**

A. Project Identification: WHITE RIVER TIC PARTIAL SEWER LINE REPLACEMENT

- 1. Project Location: **HAZEN, AR**
- B. Owner: Arkansas Department of Transportation.
 - 1. Owner's Representative: PHILLIP WATKINS, PROJECT COORDINATOR 9003 MABELVALE PIKE, Little Rock, Arkansas 72209 Ph: (501) 569-4950

1.2 WORK COVERED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. Replacement of 4" sewer line by Directional Bore underneath the White River locate at Hazen, AR for the Arkansas Department of Transportation, Tourist Information Center as indicated on the Plans, and as called for in these Specifications, or as directed by the Engineer.
- B. The work shall include all labor, materials, equipment, construction tools, machines, services, utilities, and fuel, required to construct the work and place the facilities constructed into operation to form a complete, operating system.
- C. Project shall be constructed under a single prime contract and shall include provision for a complete one (1) year warranty period for all aspects of the project with the exception of damage due to normal wear conditions. The warranty period shall commence upon acceptance of the work following a Semi-Final Inspection (as defined in Section 01 77 00). With partial acceptance of work, only the warranty applicable to that portion of the work shall be deemed to be in effect. This warranty will be in addition to specific product or installation warranties from suppliers or subcontractors.

1.3 WORK UNDER SEPARATE CONTRACTS

A. General: Cooperate fully with separate contractors so work on those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract or other contracts. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed under separate contracts.

1.4 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Contractor's Use of Premises: During construction, Contractor will have full use of site indicated. Contractor's use of premises is limited only by Owner's right to perform work or employ other contractors on portions of Project.
- B. Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
 - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. On-Site Work Hours: Limit work to Monday through Friday, unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate with Owner for work outside of normal business hours.
- D. Nonsmoking Building: Once building is "in the dry", smoking is not permitted within the building or within 25 feet of entrances, operable windows, or outdoor-air intakes.
- E. Controlled Substances: Use of controlled substances on Project site is not permitted.
- F. Employee Identification: Provide identification tags for Contractor personnel working on Project site. Require personnel to use identification tags at all times.
- G. Employee Screening: Comply with Owner's requirements for drug and background screening of Contractor personnel working on Project site.
 - 1. Maintain list of approved screened personnel with Owner's representative

1.5 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
 - 1. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
 - 2. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- C. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
 - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.

- 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations scheduled on Drawings.
- 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01 10 00

SECTION 01 25 00 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

- A. Substitutions include changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.
- B. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify *r* product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
 - 1. Substitution Request Form: Use CSI Form 13.1A.
 - 2. Submit requests within 10 days after the Notice to Proceed.
 - 3. Identify product to be replaced and show compliance with requirements for substitutions. Include a detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitution with those of the Work specified, a list of changes needed to other parts of the Work required to accommodate proposed substitution, and any proposed changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time should the substitution be accepted.
- C. Owner will review proposed substitutions and notify Contractor of their acceptance or rejection. If necessary, Owner will request additional information or documentation for evaluation.
 - 1. Owner will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
- D. Do not submit unapproved substitutions on Shop Drawings or other submittals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01 25 00

SECTION 01 26 00 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

- A. Owner will issue supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- B. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Owner will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work.
 - 1. Proposal Requests are not instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
 - 2. Within time specified in Proposal Request or 20 days, when not otherwise specified, after receipt of Proposal Request, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.
- C. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or changed conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may initiate a claim by submitting a request for a change to Owner.
- D. On Owner's approval of a Proposal Request, Owner will issue a Change Order for signatures of Owner and Contractor, for all changes to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- E. Owner may issue a Construction Change Directive. Construction Change Directive instructs Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order.
 - 1. Construction Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work. It also designates method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time.
- F. Documentation: Maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the Construction Change Directive. After completion of change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.

END OF SECTION 01 26 00

SECTION 01 30 00 - ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

- A. Subcontract List: Submit a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work. Use CSI Form 1.5A.
- B. Key Personnel Names: Within 15 days of starting construction operations, submit a list of key personnel assignments, including superintendent and other personnel in attendance at Project site. List e-mail addresses and telephone numbers.
- C. Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work.
- D. Requests for Information (RFIs): On discovery of the need for additional information or interpretation of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI. Use forms acceptable to Owner.

1.2 SUBMITTAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Owner's Digital Data Files: Electronic digital data files of the Contract Drawings will not be provided by Owner for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.
- B. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
 - 1. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
 - 2. Submit three copies of each action submittal. Owner will return two copies.
 - 3. Submit one copy of each informational submittal. Owner will not return copies.
 - 4. Owner will discard submittals received from sources other than Contractor.
- C. Paper Submittals: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal for identification. Provide a space approximately 6 by 8 inches on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Owner. Include the following information on the label:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Date.
 - 3. Name and address of Contractor.
 - 4. Name and address of subcontractor or supplier.
 - 5. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.

- D. Electronic Submittals: Identify and incorporate information in each electronic submittal file as follows:
 - 1. Assemble complete submittal package into a single indexed file incorporating submittal requirements of a single Specification Section and transmittal form with links enabling navigation to each item.
 - 2. Name file with unique identifier, including project identifier, Specification Section number, and revision identifier.
 - 3. Provide means for insertion to permanently record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken by Owner.
- E. Identify options requiring selection by Owner.
- F. Identify deviations from the Contract Documents on submittals.
- G. Contractor's Construction Schedule Submittal Procedure:
 - 1. Submit required submittals in the following format:
 - a. Working electronic copy of schedule file, where indicated.
 - b. PDF electronic file.
 - 2. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Initial schedule, of size required to display entire schedule for entire construction period.
 - a. Submit a working electronic copy of schedule, using software indicated, and labeled to comply with requirements for submittals. Include type of schedule (initial or updated) and date on label.
 - 3. Coordinate Contractor's construction schedule with the schedule of values, list of subcontracts, submittal schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. General Submittal Procedure Requirements: Prepare and submit submittals required by individual Specification Sections.
 - 1. Submit electronic submittals via email as PDF electronic files.
 - a. Owner will return annotated file. Annotate and retain one copy of file as an electronic Project record document file.

2.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit three paper copies of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Owner will return two copies.
- B. Product Data: Mark each copy to show applicable products and options. Include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's written recommendations, product specifications, and installation instructions.
 - 2. Wiring diagrams showing factory-installed wiring.
 - 3. Printed performance curves and operational range diagrams.
 - 4. Testing by recognized testing agency.
 - 5. Compliance with specified standards and requirements.
- C. Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data. Submit on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches but no larger than 30 by 42 inches. Include the following:
 - 1. Dimensions and identification of products.
 - 2. Fabrication and installation drawings and roughing-in and setting diagrams.
 - 3. Wiring diagrams showing field-installed wiring.
 - 4. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - 5. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
- D. Samples: Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture and for a comparison of these characteristics between submittal and actual component as delivered and installed. Include name of manufacturer and product name on label.
 - 1. If variation is inherent in material or product, submit at least three sets of paired units that show variations.

2.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Informational Submittals: Submit one paper copy of each submittal unless otherwise indicated. Owner will not return copies.
- B. Qualification Data: Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- C. Product Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SUBMITTAL REVIEW

- A. Review each submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Owner.
- B. Owner will review each action submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or modifications required, will stamp each submittal with an action stamp, and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action.
- C. Informational Submittals: Owner will review each submittal and will not return it, or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Owner will forward each submittal to appropriate party.
- D. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents may not be reviewed and may be discarded.

3.2 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

- A. Updating: At monthly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule one week before each regularly scheduled progress meeting.
 - 1. As the Work progresses, indicate Actual Completion percentage for each activity.
- B. Distribute copies of approved schedule to Owner, subcontractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties.

END OF SECTION 01 30 00

SECTION 01 60 00 - PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION REQUIREMENTS

- A. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
- B. Comparable Product Requests: Submit request for consideration of each comparable product. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced.
 - 1. Show compliance with requirements for comparable product requests.
 - 2. Owner will review the proposed product and notify Contractor of its acceptance or rejection.
- C. Basis-of-Design Product Specification Submittal: Show compliance with requirements.
- D. Compatibility of Options: If Contractor is given option of selecting between two or more products, select product compatible with products previously selected.
- E. Deliver, store, and handle products using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at Project site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
 - 2. Deliver products to Project site in manufacturer's original sealed container or packaging, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.
 - 3. Inspect products on delivery to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents and to ensure that products are undamaged and properly protected.
 - 4. Store materials in a manner that will not endanger Project structure.
 - 5. Store products that are subject to damage by the elements, under cover in a weather tight enclosure above ground, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
- F. Warranties specified in other Sections shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION PROCEDURES

- A. Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, are undamaged, and, unless otherwise indicated, are new at the time of installation.
 - 1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, and other devices and components needed for a complete installation and the intended use and effect.
 - 2. Where products are accompanied by the term "as selected," Owner will make selection.
 - 3. Descriptive, performance, and reference standard requirements in the Specifications establish salient characteristics of products.
- B. Where the following headings are used to list products or manufacturers, the Contractor's options for product selection are as follows:
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Where requirements include "one of the following," provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements.
 - b. Where requirements do not include "one of the following," provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements or a comparable product.
 - 2. Manufacturers:
 - a. Where requirements include "one of the following," provide a product that complies with requirements by one of the listed manufacturers.
 - b. Where requirements do not include "one of the following," provide a product that complies with requirements by one of the listed manufacturers or another manufacturer.
 - 3. Basis-of-Design Product: Provide the product named, or indicated on the Drawings, or a comparable product by one of the listed manufacturers.
- C. Where Specifications require "match Owner's sample," provide a product that complies with requirements and matches Owner's sample. Owner's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches.
- D. Where Specifications include the phrase "as selected by Owner from manufacturer's full range" or similar phrase, select a product that complies with requirements. Owner will select color, gloss, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that includes both standard and premium items.

2.2 COMPARABLE PRODUCTS

- A. Owner will consider Contractor's request for comparable product when the following conditions are satisfied:
 - 1. Evidence that the proposed product does not require revisions to the Contract Documents, that it is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce the indicated results, and that it is compatible with other portions of the Work.
 - 2. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed product with those named in the Specifications.
 - 3. List of similar installations for completed projects, if requested.
 - 4. Samples, if requested.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 01 60 00

SECTION 01 70 00 - EXECUTION AND CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Contractor's List of Incomplete Items: Initial submittal at Substantial Completion.
- B. Certified List of Incomplete Items: Final submittal at Final Completion.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: Submit one copy of manual.

1.2 FINAL COMPLETION PROCEDURES

- A. Submittals Prior to Final Completion: Before requesting inspection for determining final completion, complete the following:
 - 1. Submit a final Application for Payment.
 - 2. Submit certified copy of Owner's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Owner. Certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved.
 - 3. Certificate of Insurance: Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
 - 4. Submit pest-control final inspection report.
- B. Submit a written request for final inspection for acceptance. On receipt of request, Owner will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Owner will prepare final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will advise Contractor of items that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.
 - 1. Reinspection: Request reinspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION

A. Directory: Prepare a single, comprehensive directory of emergency, operation, and maintenance data and materials, listing items and their location to facilitate ready access to desired information.

- B. Organization: Unless otherwise indicated, organize manual into separate sections for each system and subsystem, and separate sections for each piece of equipment not part of a system.
- C. Organize data into three-ring binders with identification on front and spine of each binder, and envelopes for folded drawings. Include the following:
 - 1. Manufacturer's operation and maintenance documentation.
 - 2. Maintenance and service schedules.
 - 3. Maintenance service contracts. Include name and telephone number of service agent.
 - 4. Emergency instructions.
 - 5. Spare parts list and local sources of maintenance materials.
 - 6. Wiring diagrams.
 - 7. Copies of warranties. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities, mechanical and electrical systems, and other construction affecting the Work.
- B. Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
 - 1. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates.
 - 2. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems.
 - 3. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- D. Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication.
- E. Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- F. Surface and Substrate Preparation: Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for preparation of substrates to receive subsequent work.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
 - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
 - 2. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Maintain minimum headroom clearance of 96 inches in occupied spaces and 90 inches in unoccupied spaces.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations.
- C. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- D. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed.
- E. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions.
 - 1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Owner.
- F. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.
- G. Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

3.3 CLEANING

- A. Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Dispose of materials lawfully.
 - 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
 - 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
 - 3. Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- B. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion:
 - 1. Clean Project site, yard, and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities. Sweep paved areas; remove stains, spills, and foreign deposits. Rake grounds that are neither planted nor paved to a smooth, even-textured surface.

- 2. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.
- 3. Remove labels that are not permanent.
- 4. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors. Remove excess glazing compounds.
- 5. Clean exposed finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films, and foreign substances. Sweep concrete floors broom clean.
- 6. Vacuum carpeted surfaces and wax resilient flooring.
- 7. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment. Remove excess lubrication and foreign substances. Clean plumbing fixtures. Clean light fixtures, lamps, globes, and reflectors.
- 8. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.

3.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL PREPARATION

- A. Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of operation and maintenance data indicating operation and maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
- B. Manufacturers' Data: Where manuals contain manufacturers' standard printed data, include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.
 - 1. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are unavailable and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.
- C. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

- A. Engage qualified instructors to instruct Owner's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system. Include a detailed review of the following:
 - 1. Include instruction for basis of system design and operational requirements, review of documentation, emergency procedures, operations, adjustments, troubleshooting, maintenance, and repairs.

END OF SECTION 01 70 00

SECTION 31 20 00 - EARTH MOVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Unauthorized excavation consists of excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions without direction by Architect. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect, shall be without additional compensation.
- B. Utility Locator Service: Notify "One Call" for area where Project is located before beginning earthmoving operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soil: ASTM D 2487 Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, or other deleterious matter.
- B. Unsatisfactory Soil: ASTM D 2487 Soil Classification Groups GC, SC, CL, ML, OL, CH, MH, OH, and PT.
- C. Backfill and Fill: Satisfactory soil materials.
- D. Subbase Material: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940/D 2940M; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- E. Bedding Course: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940/D 2940M; except with 100 percent passing a 1-inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- F. Drainage Course: Narrowly graded mixture of crushed stone or crushed or uncrushed gravel; ASTM D 448; coarse-aggregate grading Size 57; with 100 percent passing a 1-1/2-inch sieve and zero to 5 percent passing a No. 8 sieve.
- G. Impervious Fill: Clayey gravel and sand mixture capable of compacting to a dense state.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EARTHWORK

- A. Protect and maintain erosion and sedimentation controls during earthmoving operations.
- B. Protect subgrades and foundation soils from freezing temperatures and frost. Remove temporary protection before placing subsequent materials.
- C. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.
- D. Explosives: Obtain written permission from authorities having jurisdiction before bringing explosives to Project site or using explosives on Project site.
- E. Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of character of materials and obstructions encountered.
- F. Excavate to subgrade elevations. Material to be excavated will be classified as earth and rock. Do not excavate rock until it has been classified and cross sectioned by Architect. The Contract Sum will be adjusted for rock excavation according to unit prices included in the Contract Documents.
- G. Excavate for structures, building slabs, pavements, and walkways. Trim subgrades to required lines and grades.
- H. Utility Trenches: Excavate trenches to indicated slopes, lines, depths, and invert elevations. Shape subgrade to provide continuous support.
 - 1. Place, compact, and shape bedding course to provide continuous support for pipes and conduits over rock and other unyielding bearing surfaces and to fill unauthorized excavations.
 - 2. Place and compact initial backfill of satisfactory soil material or subbase material, free of particles larger than 1 inch, to a height of 12 inches over the utility pipe or conduit. Place and compact final backfill of satisfactory soil material to final subgrade.
- Proof-roll subgrade below the building slabs and pavements with a pneumatic-tired to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof-roll wet or saturated subgrades.
- J. Plow strip or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal to receive fill.
- K. Place backfill and fill in layers not more than 8 inches in loose depth at optimum moisture content. Compact each layer under structures, building slabs, pavements,

and walkways to 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698; elsewhere to 85 percent.

- L. Grade areas to a smooth surface to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated. Grade lawns, walkways, and unpaved subgrades to tolerances of plus or minus 1 inch and pavements and areas within building lines to plus or minus 1/2 inch.
- M. Under pavements and walkways, place subbase course material on prepared subgrades and compact at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thicknesses.
- N. Under slabs-on-grade, place drainage course on prepared subgrade and compact to required cross section and thickness.
- O. Allow testing agency to inspect and test each subgrade and each fill or backfill layer and to verify compliance with requirements.
- P. Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste materials, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 31 20 00

APPENDIX A



Arkansas Department of Health

4815 West Markham Street • Little Rock, Arkansas 72205-3867 • Telephone (501) 661-2000 **Governor Asa Hutchinson**

Nathaniel Smith, MD, MPH, Secretary of Health

Engineering Section, Slot 37 www.healthy.arkansas.gov/eng After Hours Emergency (501) 661-2136

Ph (501) 661-2623 Fax (501) 661-2032

March 16, 2020

Phillip Watkins ARDOT 10324 1-30 Little Rock, AR 72209

White River TIC Partial Sewer Main Replacement RE: Hazen, AR ADH Project #110400

Dear Mr. Watkins,

The plans for the above-referenced project dated February 12, 2020, and submitted to the Engineering Section on February 4, 2020, have been reviewed and are hereby approved with the following conditions:

- 1. The Engineering Section relied upon the statements and representations made in the engineer's report, plans and specifications. In case any statement or representation in the aforementioned documents is found to be incorrect, this approval may be revoked.
- 2. There shall be no deviation from the plans and specifications unless revised plans and specifications have been first submitted for review and written consent given.
- 3. The review and approval of the plans and specifications were for functional and sanitary features and in no way constitute an analysis of the structural design nor does it cover any building plumbina.
- 4. If construction on this project is not started within one year of the date affixed hereto, this Letter of Approval is void.
- 5. Construction inspection for this project shall be the responsibility of ARDOT.

One copy of the plans is being retained for our files. When submitting correspondence for this project, be sure and reference our ADH Project #110400. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please call me at (501) 661-2892.

Sincerely

Glenn A. Greenway, P.E. **Engineer Supervisor** Engineering Section

GAG:jtc

Biscoe Waterworks (PWS 448) CC:

> RECEIVED LITTLF ROCK, ARK MAR 2 3 2020

FACILITIES MANAGEMENT A.H.T.D.

District 4



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY MEMPHIS DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS 167 NORTH MAIN STREET B-202 MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE 38103-1894

May 8, 2020

Mr. John Fleming Arkansas Department of Transportation 10324 Interstate 30 P.O. Box 2261 Little Rock, Arkansas 72203

Dear Mr. Fleming:

This is in reference to your request to replace a damaged sewer line under the White River in Prairie County, Arkansas, as shown on the attached maps. The project as proposed meets the criteria of Nationwide Permit (NWP) No. 3 (Maintenance Activities), pursuant to Federal Register, Volume 82, Number 4, dated January 6, 2017, provided the following special conditions is met: the permitee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

This verification is valid until the NWP is modified, reissued or revoked. All of the existing NWPs are scheduled to be modified, reissued or revoked prior to March 18, 2022. It is incumbent upon you to remain informed of changes to the NWPs. We will issue a public notice when the NWPs are reissued. Furthermore, if you commence or are under contract to commence this activity before the date that the relevant NWP is modified or revoked, you will have 12 months from the date of the modification or revocation of the NWP to complete the activity under the present terms and conditions of this NWP.

The attached general and state conditions must be met. Note specifically General Conditions 9, 12, 18 and 20 concerning management of water flows, soil erosion and sediment control, endangered species and historic properties. If all conditions cannot be met an individual permit may be required.

This permit conveys no property rights, either in real estate or material or any exclusive privileges. Furthermore, no injury to property or invasion of rights or any infringement of federal, state or local laws or regulations is authorized.

The decision regarding these actions is based on information found in the administrative record, which documents the district's decision-making process, the basis for the decision and the final decision.

The attached certification form must be signed and returned to the Corps of Engineers within 30 days after project completion.

The Memphis District, Regulatory Branch is committed to providing quality and timely service to our customers. In an effort to improve customer service, we invite you to complete a Customer Service Survey found on our web site at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=regulatory_survey. Your comments, positive or negative, will not affect any current or future dealing with the Corps of Engineers.

Thank you for your cooperation with the Regulatory program. If you have any guestions, please contact me at (901) 544-0732 and refer to File No. MVM-2020-072.

Sincerely,

Dunn Mc Dernot

Damon McDermott Biologist Regulatory Branch

Enclosures



Subject: 408 Request ID - 408-MVM-2020-0006

Mr. Mickey Mathews 10324 Interstate 30 Little Rock, AR 72203

Dear Mr. Mathews:

The Memphis District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) performed an evaluation of Arkansas Department of Transportation's request to install a conduit for a sewer line under the White River near I-40 in Prairie County, Arkansas, to service the nearest Rest Area. This conduit will be a 4" line within a 6" steel casing installed by horizontal directional drilling. USACE Memphis District evaluated this request in accordance with Engineer Circular (EC) 1165-2-220. The authority to grant permission for alterations is pursuant to Section 14 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899, 33 USC 408 (Section 408).

Based on this evaluation, the Memphis District grants Arkansas Department of Transportation permission, pursuant to Section 408, to install a conduit for a sewer line under the White River near I-40 in Prairie County, Arkansas via horizontal directional boring as specified in your submission seeking permission and subject to the following:

Special Conditions.

- a. Provide USACE with "As-Built" drawings upon completion.
- b. Clearly mark location of underground line with markers placed on bank.
- c. This approval does not exclude the need to obtain other federal, state, or local authorizations required by law.

As the requester, you are solely responsible for any remedial action needed to correct any deficiency in the design or construction of the requested alteration and/or any other activities regarding this alteration in accordance with applicable state and federal laws.

For any questions regarding this evaluation, please contact Tanya Wells, Inspection of Completed Works Manager/408 Coordinator, at 901-544-0897 or <u>Tanya.L.Wells</u> @usace.army.mil.

Sincerely,

WILLIAMSON.STE Digitally signed by WILLIAMSON.STE WILLIAMSON STEVENA.12306 VEN.A.123061202 12028 Dete:2020.03.27 14:25:27 95007

Steven A. Williamson, P.E. Chief, Engineering and Construction Division

Enclosures

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Little Rock District Corps of Engineers Post Office Box 867 Little Rock, Arkansas 72203-0867

FINAL NATIONWIDE PERMIT REGIONAL CONDITIONS IN ARKANSAS

<u>Regional Condition No. 1.</u> For Nationwide Permits (NWPs) 7 and 12, intake structures shall be constructed with screening to prevent the entry of fish.

Regional Condition No. 2. For NWPs 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 23, 25, 29, 30, 35, 36, 39, 40, 42, 43, 51, 52, and 53 in the following listed waters, the prospective permittee shall provide written notification to the appropriate District. Notification will be to the District Engineer according to *General Condition No. 32 (Federal Register, Vol. 82, No. 4, FR 1860-2008).*

• Fens - A peat-accumulating wetland that receives some drainage from surrounding mineral soil and usually supports marshlike vegetation.

• **Bogs** - A peat-accumulating wetland that has no major inflows or outflows and supports acidophilic mosses, particularly sphagnum.

• Groundwater seeps - Wetlands at the base of steep slopes where the groundwater surface intersects with the land surface.

• **Dune depressional wetlands** - Wetlands in shallow depressions that have no major outflows but receive runoff from the surrounding land, located between sandy ridges in northeast Arkansas and southeast Missouri. These wetlands often support pondberry (*Lindera melissifolia*), a federally-listed endangered plant.

• Cache River and adjacent wetlands - From the mouth upstream to AR Highway 18 near Grubbs.

<u>Regional Condition No. 3.</u> NWP No. 44 cannot be used to authorize mining activities within areas of government-managed navigation systems on rivers designated as navigable under the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S. Code 403).

Regional Condition No. 4. For NWPs 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 23, 25, 27, 29, 30, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 51, 52, and 53 in the waters listed below, the prospective permittee shall provide written notification to the appropriate District. Notification will be to the District Engineer according to *General Condition No. 32 (Federal Register, Vol. 82, No. 4, FR 1860-2008)*. This notification shall be used to review the project to ensure that the proposed project will have "no effect" on federally listed threatened or endangered (T&E) species and to determine if the project would have a minimal impact on the aquatic environment. The application will be coordinated with

the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and other agencies as determined appropriate by the Corps of Engineers. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless Section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed (refer to NWP General Condition No. 18). The list of waters may be revised periodically in the case of future updates to the status of T&E species.

In addition to the waterbodies listed below, the following federal concern species are known to occur in various wetland areas, or cave streams:

Ashley, Clay, Jackson, Lawrence, Woodruff, and Craighead Counties; Species: Lindera melissifolia, Pondberry - LE

Benton County; Species: Amblyopsis rosae, Ozark Cavefish - LE

Benton and Stone Counties; Species: Cambarus aculabrum, Cave Crayfish - LE

Alum Fork Saline River - Saline County - Species: Lampsilis powellii, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Antoine River - Clark and Pike Counties - Species: Lampsilis powellii, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Archey Creek - Pope and Van Buren Counties – Species: *Etheostoma moorei*, yellowcheek darter - LE, *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook - LE

Arkansas River - Arkansas, Conway, Crawford, Desha, Faulkner, Franklin, Jefferson, Johnson, Lincoln, Logan, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Sebastian, and Yell Counties – Species: *Scaphirhynchus albus*, pallid sturgeon - LE, *Sternula antillarum athalassos*, Interior Least Tern - LE

Beech Creek - Cleburne and Stone Counties – Species: *Etheostoma moorei*, yellowcheek darter - LE, *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook - LE

Big Brushy Creek - Montgomery County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Big Creek - Cleburne, Independence, and White Counties – Species: *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook - LE

Black River - Clay, Lawrence, and Randolph Counties – Species: *Epioblasma triquetra*, Snuffbox - LE, *Lampsilis abrupta*, Pink Mucket - LE, *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Brush Creek - Perry and Yell Counties - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Buffalo Creek - Polk County - Species: Percina pantherina, leopard darter - LT

Buffalo River - Baxter, Marion, Newton, and Searcy Counties – Species: *Epioblasma triquetra*, Snuffbox - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Caddo River Above DeGray Lake - Clark, Montgomery, and Pike Counties – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Caddo River Below DeGray Lake - Clark County – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Clear Fork - Scott County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Cossatot River Above Gillham Lake - Howard and Polk Counties – Species: *Percina pantherina,* leopard darter - LT

Cossatot River Below Gillham Lake - Howard and Sevier Counties – Species: *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell – LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT, *Quadrula fragosa*, Winged Mapleleaf - LE

Current River - Clay and Randolph Counties – Species: *Lampsilis abrupta*, Pink Mucket - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Devils Fork Little Red River - Cleburne County – Species: *Etheostoma moorei*, yellowcheek darter - LE, *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook - LE

Dry Fork Fourche LaFave River - Perry and Yell Counties – Species: *Ptilimnium nodosum,* harperella - LE

Eleven Point River - Randolph County – Species: Cryptobranchus alleganiensis bishopi, Ozark Hellbender - LE, Lampsilis abrupta, Pink Mucket - LE

Fiddlers Creek - Montgomery and Yell Counties - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Fourche LaFave River - Perry, Scott, and Yell Counties – Species: *Ptilimnium nodosum*, harperella - LE

Frog Bayou - Crawford County - Species: Leptodea leptodon, Scaleshell - LE

Illinois River - Benton, Washington Counties – Species: Lampsilis rafinesqueana, Neosho Mucket - LE, Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Irons Fork - Polk County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Irons Fork Ouachita River - Garland, Montgomery, and Yell Counties – Species: *Ptilimnium nodosum*, harperella - LE

Kings River - Carroll and Madison Counties – Species: *Epioblasma triquetra*, Snuffbox - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

L' Anguille River - Lee and St. Francis Counties: - Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

Left Hand Chute Little River - Mississippi and Poinsett Counties – Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

Lewis Creek - Polk County - Species: Lampsilis powellii, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Little Brushy Creek - Montgomery County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Little Missouri River below Lake Greeson - Clark, Hempstead, Nevada, Ouachita, and Pike Counties – Species: Lampsilis abrupta, Pink Mucket - LE Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica, Rabbitsfoot - LT Quadrula fragosa, Winged Mapleleaf - LE

Little River Above Millwood Lake - Little River and Sevier Counties – Species: Arcidens wheeleri, Ouachita Rock Pocketbook – LE Lampsilis abrupta, Pink Mucket - LE, Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Little River Below Millwood Lake - Hempstead and Little River Counties – Species: Arcidens wheeleri, Ouachita Rock Pocketbook - LE

Middle Fork Little Red River - Cleburne, Searcy, Stone, and Van Buren Counties – Species: *Etheostoma moorei*, yellowcheek darter - LE, *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook, LE *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Middle Fork Saline River - Garland, Perry, and Saline Counties – Species: Lampsilis powellii, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Mississippi River - Chicot, Crittenden, Desha, Lee, Mississippi, and Phillips Counties – Species: *Potamilus capax,* Fat Pocketbook - LE, *Scaphirhynchus albus,* pallid sturgeon - LE, *Sternula antillarum athalassos,* Interior Least Tern - LE

Mountain Fork River - Polk County - Species: Percina pantherina, leopard darter - LT

Muddy Creek - Montgomery County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Muddy Fork Illinois River - Washington County – Species: *Lampsilis rafinesqueana*, Neosho Mucket - LE

Myatt Creek - Fulton County - Species: Leptodea leptodon, Scaleshell - LE

North Fork Creek - Garland County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

North Fork Ouachita River - Montgomery County – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

North Fork Saline River - Perry and Saline Counties – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

Ouachita River, Lower - Bradley, Calhoun, Clark, Dallas, Hot Spring, Ouachita, and Union Counties – Species: *Arcidens wheeleri*, Ouachita Rock Pocketbook - LE, *Cumberlandia monodonta*, Spectaclecase - LE, *Lampsilis abrupta*, Pink Mucket - LE, *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket -LT, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT, *Quadrula fragosa*, Winged Mapleleaf - LE **Ouachita River, Upper** - Montgomery and Polk Counties – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Rainy Creek - Montgomery County - Species: Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Red River - Hempstead, Lafayette, Little River and Miller Counties – Species: *Sternula antillarum athalassos*, Interior Least Tern - LE

Right Hand Chute Little River & Ditches - Craighead, Mississippi, and Poinsett Counties – Species: *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell - LE, *Potamilus capax*, Fat Pocketbook - LE

Robinson Creek - Polk and Sevier Counties - Species: Percina pantherina, leopard darter - LT

Rolling Fork Below DeQueen Reservoir - Sevier County – Species: *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica,* Rabbitsfoot - LT

Saline River - Ashley, Bradley, Cleveland, Dallas, Drew, Grant and Saline Counties – Species: Lampsilis abrupta, Pink Mucket - LE, Lampsilis powellii, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT, Leptodea leptodon, Scaleshell - LE, Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica, Rabbitsfoot - LT, Quadrula fragosa, Winged Mapleleaf - LE

Saline River Below Dierks Reservoir - Howard and Sevier Counties – Species: *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

South Fork Little Red River - Van Buren County – Species: *Etheostoma moorei*, yellowcheek darter - LE, *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook - LE

South Fork Ouachita River - Montgomery County – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

South Fork Saline River - Garland and Saline Counties – Species: *Lampsilis powellii*, Arkansas Fatmucket - LT

South Fork Spring River - Fulton and Sharp Counties – Species: *Epioblasma florentina curtisii*, Curtis Pearlymussel - LE, *Leptodea leptodon*, *Scaleshell – LE*, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

South Fourche LaFave River - Perry and Yell Counties – Species: Leptodea leptodon, Scaleshell - LE, Ptilimnium nodosum, harperella - LE

Spring River - Fulton, Lawrence, Randolph, and Sharp Counties – Species: *Cryptobranchus alleganiensis bishopi*, Ozark Hellbender - LE, *Epioblasma florentina curtisii*, Curtis Pearlymussel - LE, *Epioblasma triquetra*, Snuffbox - LE, *Lampsilis abrupta*, Pink Mucket - LE, *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

St. Francis River - Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Greene, Lee, Phillips, Poinsett, and St. Francis Counties – Species: *Potamilus capax*, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Clark Corner Cutoff - St. Francis County – Species: *Potamilus capax,* Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Cross County Ditch - Cross County – Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Ditch No 10 - Craighead and Poinsett Counties – Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Ditch No 123 - Poinsett County - Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Ditch No 60 - Craighead and Poinsett Counties – Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Ditch No 61 - Poinsett County - Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Ditch No 9 - Poinsett County - Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Iron Mines Creek - Poinsett County – Species: *Potamilus capax*, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Little Bay Ditch - Craighead and Poinsett Counties – Species: *Potamilus capax,* Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Little Slough Ditch - Craighead County – Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, St. Francis Bay - Cross County - Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, St. Francis Floodway - Lee and St. Francis Counties – Species: *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell - LE, *Potamilus capax*, Fat Pocketbook - LE

St. Francis River, Straight Slough - Cross and Poinsett Counties – Species: Potamilus capax, Fat Pocketbook - LE

Strawberry River - Fulton, Independence, Izard, Lawrence, and Sharp Counties – Species: *Epioblasma triquetra*, Snuffbox – LE, *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Turkey Creek - Stone County – Species: *Etheostoma moorei*, yellowcheek darter - LE, *Lampsilis streckeri*, Speckled Pocketbook - LE

Tyronza River - Crittenden, Cross, Mississippi, and Poinsett Counties – Species: *Potamilus capax,* Fat Pocketbook - LE

War Eagle Creek - Benton, Madison and Washington Counties – Species: *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

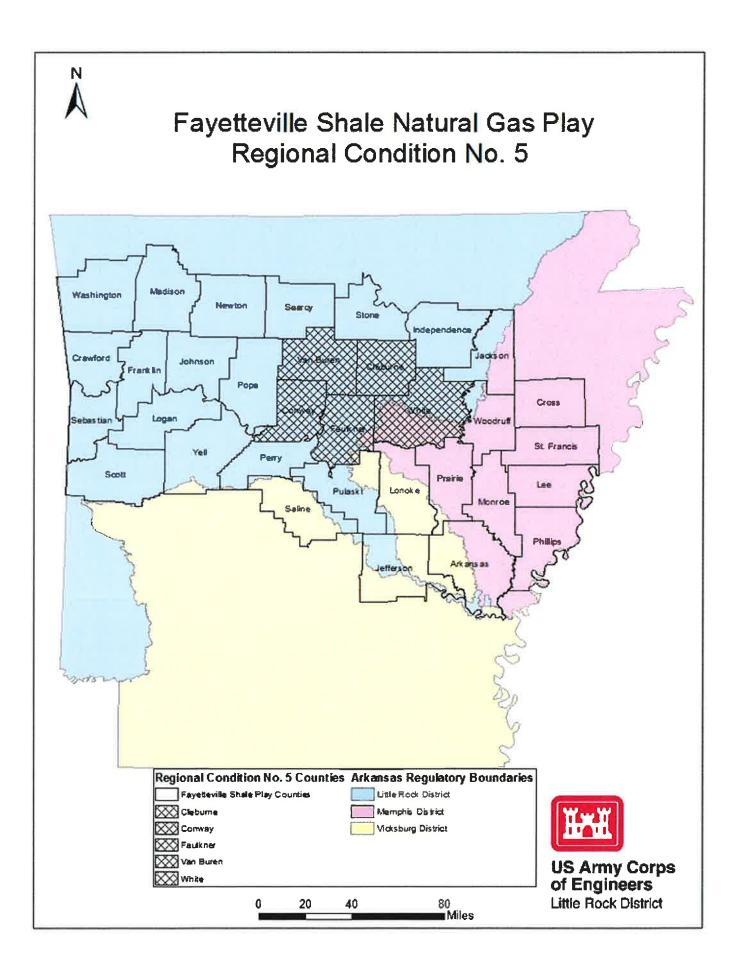
White River - Arkansas, Baxter, Desha, Independence, Izard, Jackson, Marion, Monroe, Phillips, Prairie, Stone, White, and Woodruff Counties – Species: *Cryptobranchus alleganiensis bishopi*, Ozark Hellbender - LE, *Epioblasma triquetra*, Snuffbox - LE, *Lampsilis abrupta*, Pink Mucket - LE, *Leptodea leptodon*, Scaleshell - LE, *Potamilus capax*, Fat Pocketbook - LE, *Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica*, Rabbitsfoot - LT

Legend:

LE - Listed Endangered; the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has listed these species as endangered under the Endangered Species Act.

LT - Listed Threatened; the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has listed these species as threatened under the Endangered Species Act.

Regional Condition No. 5. For NWPs 6, 12, 14, and 18 in waters of the United States located in the following Fayetteville Shale Play region counties: Cleburne, Van Buren, Conway, Faulkner, and White (See Enclosed Map), the prospective permittee shall provide written pre-construction notification (PCN) to the appropriate district. PCN will be to the District Engineer according to *General Condition No. 32 (Federal Register, Vol. 82, No. 4, FR 1860-2008).* This PCN shall be used to review the project to determine if it will result in more than minimal effects to the watersheds within the listed counties of the Fayetteville Shale Play region. This condition does not lessen the restrictions provided by any General Conditions of the NWPs.





U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Memphis District

NATIONWIDE PERMIT No. 3 (NWP Final Notice, 82 FR, 1984)

Maintenance

(a) The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of any previously authorized, currently serviceable structure or fill, or of any currently serviceable structure or fill authorized by 33 CFR 330.3, provided that the structure or fill is not to be put to manner, that will not be eroded by expected high uses differing from those uses specified or contemplated for it in the original permit or the most recently authorized modification. Minor deviations in the structure's configuration or filled area, including those due to changes in materials, construction techniques, requirements of other regulatory agencies, or current construction codes or safety standards that are necessary to make the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are authorized. This NWP also authorizes the removal of previously authorized structures or fills. Any stream channel modification is limited to the minimum necessary for the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of the structure or fill; such modifications, including the removal of material from the stream channel, must be immediately adjacent to the project. This NWP also authorizes the removal of accumulated sediment and debris within, and in the immediate vicinity of, the structure or fill. This NWP also authorizes the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of those structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms, floods, fire or other discrete events, provided the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement is commenced, or is under contract to commence, within two years of the date of their destruction or <u>Note</u>: This NWP authorizes the repair, damage. In cases of catastrophic events, such as hurricanes or tornadoes, this two-year limit may be waived by the district engineer, provided the permittee can demonstrate funding, contract, or other similar delays.

(b) This NWP also authorizes the removal of accumulated sediments and debris outside the immediate vicinity of existing structures (e.g., bridges, culverted road crossings, water intake structures, etc.). The removal of sediment is limited to the minimum necessary to restore the waterway in the vicinity of the structure to the approximate dimensions that existed when the structure was built, but cannot extend farther than 200 feet in any direction from the structure. This 200 foot limit does not apply to maintenance dredging to remove accumulated sediments blocking or restricting outfall and intake structures or to maintenance dredging to remove accumulated sediments from canals associated with outfall and intake structures. All dredged or excavated materials must be deposited and retained in an area that has no waters of the United States unless otherwise specifically approved by the district engineer under separate authorization.

(c) This NWP also authorizes temporary structures, fills, and work, including the use of

Issued: March 19, 2017

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temporary mats, necessary to conduct the maintenance activity. Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must consist of materials, and be placed in a flows. After conducting the maintenance activity, temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to preconstruction elevations. The areas affected by temporary fills must be revegetated, as appropriate.

(d) This NWP does not authorize maintenance dredging for the primary purpose of navigation. This NWP does not authorize beach restoration. This NWP does not authorize new stream channelization or stream relocation projects.

Notification: For activities authorized by paragraph (b) of this NWP, the permittee must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer prior to commencing the activity (see general condition 32). The pre-construction notification must include information regarding the original design capacities and configurations of the outfalls, intakes, small impoundments, and canals. (Authorities: Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 and section 404 of the Clean Water Act (Sections 10 and 404))

rehabilitation, or replacement of any previously authorized structure or fill that does not qualify for the Clean Water Act section 404(f) exemption for maintenance.

Nationwide Permit General Conditions

Note: To gualify for NWP authorization, the prospective permittee must comply with the following general conditions, as applicable, in addition to any regional or case-specific conditions imposed by the division engineer or district engineer. Prospective permittees should contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine if regional conditions have been imposed on an NWP. Prospective permittees should also contact the appropriate Corps district office to determine the status of Clean Water Act Section 401 water quality certification and/ or Coastal Zone Management Act consistency for an NWP. Every person who may wish to obtain permit authorization under one or more . NWPs, or who is currently relying on an existing or prior permit authorization under one or more NWPs, has been and is on notice that all of the provisions of 33 CFR through 330.6 apply to every NWP authorization. Note especially 33 CFR 330.5 relating to the modification, suspension, or revocation of any

Expires: March 18, 2022

NWP authorization.

1. Navigation.

(a) No activity may cause more than a minimal adverse effect on navigation.

(b) Any safety lights and signals prescribed by the U.S. Coast Guard, through regulations or otherwise, must be installed and maintained at the permittee's expense on authorized facilities in navigable waters of the United States.

(c) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

2. Aquatic Life Movements. No activity may substantially disrupt the necessary life cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. All permanent and temporary crossings of waterbodies shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed and constructed to maintain low flows to sustain the movement of those aquatic species. If a bottomless culvert cannot be used, then the crossing should be designed and constructed to minimize adverse effects to aquatic life movements.

3. Spawning Areas. Activities in spawning areas during spawning seasons must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. Activities that result in the physical destruction (e.g., through excavation, fill, or downstream smothering by substantial turbidity) of an important spawning area are not authorized.

4. Migratory Bird Breeding Areas. Activities in waters of the United States that serve as breeding areas for migratory birds must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable.

5. Shellfish Beds. No activity may occur in areas of concentrated shellfish populations, unless the activity is directly related to a shellfish harvesting activity authorized by NWPs 4 and 48, or is a shellfish seeding or habitat restoration activity authorized by NWP 27.

6. Suitable Material. No activity may use unsuitable material (e.g., trash, debris, car bodies, asphalt, etc.). Material used for construction or discharged must be free from toxic pollutants in toxic amounts (see section 307 of the Clean Water Act).

7. Water Supply Intakes. No activity may occur in the proximity of a public water supply intake, except where the activity is for the repair or improvement of public water supply intake structures or adjacent bank stabilization.

8. Adverse Effects From

Impoundments. If the activity creates an impoundment of water, adverse effects to the aquatic system due to accelerating the passage of water, and/or restricting its flow must be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

9. Management of Water Flows. To the maximum extent practicable, the preconstruction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters must be maintained for each activity, including stream channelization, storm water management activities, and temporary and permanent road crossings, except as provided below. The activity must be constructed to withstand expected high flows. The activity must not restrict or impede the passage of normal or high flows, unless the primary purpose of the activity is to impound water or manage high flows. The activity may alter the pre-construction course, condition, capacity, and location of open waters if it benefits the aquatic environment (e.g., stream restoration or relocation activities).

10. Fills Within 100-Year Floodplains. The activity must comply with applicable FEMA-approved state or local flood plain management requirements.

11. Equipment. Heavy equipment working in wetlands or mudflats must be placed on mats, or other measures must be taken to minimize soil disturbance.

12. Soil Erosion and Sediment Controls. Appropriate soil erosion and sediment controls must be used and maintained in effective operating condition during construction, and all exposed soil and other fills, as well as any work below the ordinary high water mark or high tide line, must be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date. Permittees are encouraged to perform work within waters of the United States during periods of low-flow or no-flow, or during low tides.

13. Removal of Temporary Fills. Temporary fills must be removed in their entirety and the affected areas returned to preconstruction elevations. The affected areas must be revegetated, as appropriate.

14. Proper Maintenance. Any authorized structure or fill shall be properly maintained, including maintenance to ensure public safety and compliance with applicable NWP general conditions, as well as any activity-specific conditions added by the district engineer to an NWP authorization.

15. Single and Complete Project. The activity must be a single and complete project. The same NWP cannot be used more than once for the same single and complete project.

16. Wild and Scenic Rivers.

(a) No NWP activity may occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, unless the appropriate Federal agency with direct management responsibility for such river, has determined in designated critical habitat might be affected

writing that the proposed activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.

(b) If a proposed NWP activity will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the permittee must submit a pre-construction notification (see general condition 32). The district engineer will coordinate the PCN with the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river. The permittee shall not begin the NWP activity until notified by the district engineer that the Federal agency with direct management responsibility for that river has determined in writing that the proposed NWP activity will not adversely affect the Wild and Scenic River designation or study status.

(c) Information on Wild and Scenic Rivers may be obtained from the appropriate Federal land management agency responsible for the designated Wild and Scenic River or study river (e.g., National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service). Information on these rivers is also available at: http://www.rivers.gov/.

17. Tribal Rights. No NWP activity may cause more than minimal adverse effects on tribal rights (including treaty rights), protected tribal resources, or tribal lands. 18. Endangered Species.

(a) No activity is authorized under any NWP which is likely to directly or indirectly jeopardize the continued existence of a threatened or endangered species or a species proposed for such designation, as identified under the Federal Endangered Species Act (ESA), or which will directly or indirectly destroy or adversely modify the critical habitat of such species. No activity is authorized under any NWP which "may affect" a listed species or critical habitat, unless ESA section 7 consultation addressing the effects of the proposed activity has been completed. Direct effects are the immediate effects on listed species and critical habitat caused by the NWP activity. Indirect effects are those effects on listed species and critical habitat that are caused by the NWP activity and are later in time, but still are reasonably certain to occur.

(b) Federal agencies should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of the ESA. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation has not been submitted, additional ESA section 7 consultation may be necessary for the activity and the respective federal agency would be responsible for fulfilling its obligation under section 7 of the ESA.

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if any listed species or

or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat, and shall not begin work on the activity until notified by the district engineer that the requirements of the ESA have been satisfied and that the activity is authorized. For activities that might affect Federally-listed endangered or threatened species or designated critical habitat, the pre-construction notification must include the name(s) of the endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity or that utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed activity. The district engineer will determine whether the proposed activity "may affect" or will have "no effect" to listed species and designated critical habitat and will notify the non-Federal applicant of the Corps' determination within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification. In cases where the non-Federal applicant has identified listed species or critical habitat that might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, and has so notified the Corps, the applicant shall not begin work until the Corps has provided notification that the proposed activity will have "no effect" on listed species or critical habitat, or until ESA section 7 consultation has been completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(d) As a result of formal or informal consultation with the FWS or NMFS the district engineer may add species- specific permit conditions to the NWPs.

(e) Authorization of an activity by an NWP does not authorize the "take" of a threatened or endangered species as defined under the ESA. In the absence of separate authorization (e.g., an ESA Section 10 Permit, a Biological Opinion with "incidental take" provisions, etc.) from the FWS or the NMFS, the Endangered Species Act prohibits any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States to take a listed species, where "take" means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. The word "harm" in the definition of "take" means an act which actually kills or injures wildlife. Such an act may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding or sheltering.

(f) If the non-federal permittee has a valid ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) incidental take permit with an approved Habitat Conservation Plan for a project or a group of projects that includes the proposed NWP activity, the nonfederal applicant should provide a copy of that ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit with the PCN required by paragraph (c) of this general condition. The district engineer will coordinate with the agency that issued the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit to determine whether the proposed NWP activity and the associated incidental take were considered in the internal ESA section 7 consultation conducted for the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit. If that coordination results in concurrence from the agency that the proposed NWP activity and the associated incidental take were considered in the internal ESA section 7 consultation for the ESA

section 10(a)(1)(B) permit, the district engineer does not need to conduct a separate ESA section 7 consultation for the proposed NWP activity. The district engineer will notify the non-federal applicant within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether the ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit covers the proposed NWP activity or whether additional ESA section 7 consultation is required.

(g) Information on the location of threatened and endangered species and their critical habitat can be obtained directly from the offices of the FWS and NMFS or their world wide Web pages at http://www.fws.gov/ or http:// www.fws.gov/ipac and http:// www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/species/esa/ respectively.

19. Migratory Birds and Bald and Golden Eagles. The permittee is responsible for ensuring their action complies with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act. The permittee is responsible for contacting appropriate local office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to determine applicable measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds or eagles, including whether "incidental take" permits are necessary and available under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act or Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act for a particular activity.

20. Historic Properties.

(a) In cases where the district engineer determines that the activity may have the potential to cause effects to properties listed, or eligible for listing, in the National Register of Historic Places, the activity is not authorized, until the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) have been satisfied.

(b) Federal permittees should follow their own procedures for complying with the requirements of section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. If pre-construction notification is required for the proposed NWP activity, the Federal permittee must provide the district engineer with the appropriate documentation to demonstrate compliance with those requirements. The district engineer will verify that the appropriate documentation has been submitted. If the appropriate documentation is not submitted, then additional consultation under section 106 may be necessary. The respective federal agency is responsible for fulfilling its obligation to comply with section 106

(c) Non-federal permittees must submit a pre-construction notification to the district engineer if the NWP activity might have aware that section 110k of the NHPA (54 the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. For such activities, the pre- construction notification must state which historic properties might have the potential to be affected by the proposed NWP activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic properties or the potential for the (ACHP), determines that circumstances justify presence of historic properties. Assistance regarding information on the location of, or potential for, the presence of historic properties circumstances justify granting the assistance, can be sought from the State Historic

Preservation Officer, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer, or designated tribal Register of Historic Places (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)).

When reviewing pre-construction notifications, district engineers will comply with the current procedures for addressing the requirements of section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. The district engineer shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to carry out appropriate identification efforts, which may include background research, consultation, oral history interviews, sample field investigation, and field survey. Based on the information submitted in the PCN and these identification efforts, the district engineer shall determine whether the proposed NWP activity has the potential to cause effects on the historic properties. Section 106 consultation is not required when the district engineer determines that the activity does not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties (see 36 CFR 800.3(a)). Section 106 consultation is required when the district engineer determines that the activity has the potential to cause effects on historic properties. The district engineer will conduct consultation with consulting parties identified under 36 CFR 800.2(c) when he or she makes any of the following effect determinations for the purposes of section 106 of the NHPA: no historic properties affected, no adverse effect, or adverse effect. Where the non-Federal applicant has identified historic properties on which the activity might have the potential to cause effects and so notified the Corps, the non-Federal applicant shall not begin the activity until notified by the district engineer either that the activity has no potential to cause effects to historic properties or that NHPA section 106 consultation has been completed.

(d) For non-federal permittees, the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee within 45 days of receipt of a complete pre-construction notification whether NHPA section 106 consultation is required. If NHPA section 106 consultation is required, the district engineer will notify the non-Federal applicant that he or she cannot begin the activity until section 106 consultation is completed. If the non-Federal applicant has not heard back from the Corps within 45 days, the applicant must still wait for notification from the Corps.

(e) Prospective permittees should be U.S.C. 306113) prevents the Corps from granting a permit or other assistance to an applicant who, with intent to avoid the requirements of section 106 of the NHPA, has intentionally significantly adversely affected a historic property to which the permit would relate, or having legal power to prevent it, allowed such significant adverse effect to occur, unless the Corps, after consultation with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation granting such assistance despite the adverse effect created or permitted by the applicant. If the Corps is required to notify the ACHP and

provide documentation specifying the circumstances, the degree of damage to the representative, as appropriate, and the National integrity of any historic properties affected, and proposed mitigation. This documentation must include any views obtained from the applicant, SHPO/ THPO, appropriate Indian tribes if the undertaking occurs on or affects historic properties on tribal lands or affects properties of interest to those tribes, and other parties known to have a legitimate interest in the impacts to the permitted activity on historic properties.

21. Discovery of Previously Unknown Remains and Artifacts. If you discover any previously unknown historic, cultural or archeological remains and artifacts while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify the district engineer of what you have found, and to the maximum extent practicable, avoid construction activities that may affect the remains and artifacts until the required coordination has been completed. The district engineer will initiate the Federal, Tribal, and state coordination required to determine if the items or remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

22. Designated Critical Resource Waters. Critical resource waters include, NOAAmanaged marine sanctuaries and marine monuments.and National Estuarine Research Reserves. The district engineer may designate, after notice and opportunity for public comment, additional waters officially designated by a state as having particular environmental or ecological significance, such as outstanding national resource waters or state natural heritage sites. The district engineer may also designate additional critical resource waters after notice and opportunity for public comment.

(a) Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States are not authorized by NWPs 7, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21, 29, 31, 35, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 51, and 52 for any activity within, or directly affecting, critical resource waters, including wetlands adjacent to such waters.

(b) For NWPs 3, 8, 10, 13, 15, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, and 54, notification is required in accordance with general condition 32, for any activity proposed in the designated critical resource waters including wetlands adjacent to those waters. The district engineer may authorize activities under these NWPs only after it is determined that the impacts to the critical resource waters will be no more than minimal.

23. Mitigation. The district engineer will consider the following factors when determining appropriate and practicable mitigation necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal:

(a) The activity must be designed and constructed to avoid and minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to waters of the United States to the maximum extent practicable at the project site (i.e., on site)

(b) Mitigation in all its forms (avoiding, minimizing, rectifying, reducing, or compensating for resource losses) will be required to the extent necessary to ensure that the individual and cumulative adverse

environmental effects are no more than minimal.

(c) Compensatory mitigation at a minimum one-for-one ratio will be required for For the NWPs, the preferred mechanism for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10-acre and require pre- construction notification, unless the district engineer determines in writing that either some other form of mitigation would be more environmentally appropriate or the adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal, and provides an activity-specific waiver of this requirement. For wetland losses of 1/10-acre or less that require pre- construction notification, the district engineer may determine on a case-by-case basis that compensatory mitigation is required to ensure that the activity results in only minimal adverse environmental effects.

(d) For losses of streams or other open waters that require pre-construction notification, the district engineer may require compensatory mitigation to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. Compensatory mitigation for losses of streams should be provided, if practicable, through stream rehabilitation, enhancement, or preservation, since streams are difficult- to-replace resources (see 33 CFR 332.3(e)(3)).

(e) Compensatory mitigation plans for NWP activities in or near streams or other open waters will normally include a requirement for the restoration or enhancement, maintenance, and legal protection (e.g., conservation easements) of riparian areas next to open waters. In some cases, the restoration or

maintenance/protection of riparian areas may be the only compensatory mitigation required. Restored riparian areas should consist of native species.

The width of the required riparian area will address documented water quality or aquatic habitat loss concerns.

Normally, the riparian area will be 25 to 50 feet wide on each side of the stream, but the district engineer may require slightly wider riparian areas to address documented water quality or habitat loss concerns. If it is not possible to restore or maintain/protect a riparian area on both sides of a stream, or if the waterbody is a lake or coastal waters, then restoring or maintaining/protecting a riparian area along a single bank or shoreline may be sufficient. Where both wetlands and open waters exist on the project site, the district engineer will determine the appropriate compensatory mitigation (e.g., riparian areas and/or wetlands compensation) based on what is best for the aquatic environment on a watershed basis. In cases where riparian areas are determined to be the most appropriate form of minimization or compensatory mitigation, the district engineer may waive or reduce the requirement to provide wetland compensatory mitigation for wetland losses.

(f) Compensatory mitigation projects

provided to offset losses of aquatic resources must comply with the applicable provisions of 33 CFR part 332.

(1) The prospective permittee is responsible for proposing an appropriate compensatory mitigation option if

compensatory mitigation is necessary to ensure that the activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. providing compensatory mitigation is mitigation bank credits or in-lieu fee program credits (see 33 CFR 332.3(b)(2) and (3)). However, if an appropriate number and type of mitigation bank or in-lieu credits are not available at the time the PCN is submitted to the district engineer, the district engineer may approve the use of permitteeresponsible mitigation.

(2) The amount of compensatory mitigation required by the district engineer must be sufficient to ensure that the authorized activity results in no more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects (see 33 CFR 330.1(e)(3)). (See also 33 CFR 332.3(f)).

(3) Since the likelihood of success is greater and the impacts to potentially valuable uplands are reduced, aquatic resource restoration should be the first compensatory mitigation option considered for permitteeresponsible mitigation.

(4) If permittee-responsible mitigation is the proposed option, the prospective permittee is responsible for submitting a mitigation plan. A conceptual or detailed mitigation plan may be used by the district engineer to make the decision on the NWP verification request, but a final mitigation plan that addresses the applicable requirements of 33 CFR 332.4(c)(2) through (14) must be approved by the district engineer before the permittee begins work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation (see 33 CFR 332.3(k)(3)).

(5) If mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program credits are the proposed option, the mitigation plan only needs to address the baseline conditions at the impact site and the number of credits to be provided.

(6) Compensatory mitigation requirements (e.g., resource type and amount to be provided as compensatory mitigation, site protection, ecological performance standards, monitoring requirements) may be addressed through conditions added to the NWP authorization, instead of components of a compensatory mitigation plan (see 33 CFR 332.4(c)(1)(ii)).

(g) Compensatory mitigation will not be used to increase the acreage losses allowed by the acreage limits of the NWPs. For example, if an NWP has an acreage limit of 1/2-acre, it cannot be used to authorize any NWP activity resulting in the loss of greater than 1/2- acre of waters of the United States, even if compensatory mitigation is provided that replaces or restores some of the lost waters. However, compensatory mitigation can and should be used, as necessary, to ensure that an NWP activity already meeting the established acreage limits also satisfies the no more than minimal impact requirement for the NWPs.

(h) Permittees may propose the use of mitigation banks, in-lieu fee programs, or permittee-responsible mitigation. When

developing a compensatory mitigation proposal, the permittee must consider appropriate and practicable options consistent with the framework at 33 CFR 332.3(b). For activities resulting in the loss of marine or estuarine resources, permittee- responsible mitigation may be environmentally preferable if there are no mitigation banks or in-lieu fee programs in the area that have marine or estuarine credits available for sale or transfer to the permittee. For permittee- responsible mitigation, the special conditions of the NWP verification must clearly indicate the party or parties responsible for the implementation and performance of the compensatory mitigation project, and, if required, its long-term management.

(i) Where certain functions and services of waters of the United States are permanently adversely affected by a regulated activity, such as discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States that will convert a forested or scrub-shrub wetland to a herbaceous wetland in a permanently maintained utility line right-of-way, mitigation may be required to reduce the adverse environmental effects of the activity to the no more than minimal level.

24. Safety of Impoundment Structures. To ensure that all impoundment structures are safely designed, the district engineer may require non-Federal applicants to demonstrate that the structures comply with established state dam safety criteria or have been designed by qualified persons. The district engineer may also require documentation that the design has been independently reviewed by similarly qualified persons, and appropriate modifications made to ensure safety.

25. Water Quality. Where States and authorized Tribes, or EPA where applicable, have not previously certified compliance of an NWP with CWA section 401, individual 401 Water Ouality Certification must be obtained or waived (see 33 CFR 330.4(c)). The district engineer or State or Tribe may require additional water quality management measures to ensure that the authorized activity does not result in more than minimal degradation of water quality.

26. Coastal Zone Management. In coastal states where an NWP has not previously received a state coastal zone management consistency concurrence, an individual state coastal zone management consistency concurrence must be obtained, or a presumption of concurrence must occur (see 33 CFR 330.4(d)). The district engineer or a State may require additional measures to ensure that the authorized activity is consistent with state coastal zone management requirements.

27. Regional and Case-By-Case Conditions. The activity must comply with any regional conditions that may have been added by the Division Engineer (see 33 CFR 330.4(e)) and with any case specific conditions added by the Corps or by the state, Indian Tribe, or U.S. EPA in its section 401 Water Quality Certification, or by the state in its Coastal Zone Management Act consistency determination.

28. Use of Multiple Nationwide Permits. The use of more than one NWP for a single and complete project is prohibited, except when the acreage loss of waters of the

United States authorized by the NWPs does not exceed the acreage limit of the NWP with the highest specified acreage limit. For example, if a road crossing over tidal waters is constructed under NWP 14, with associated bank stabilization authorized by NWP 13, the maximum acreage loss of waters of the United States for the total project cannot exceed 1/3-acre.

29. Transfer of Nationwide Permit Verifications. If the permittee sells the property associated with a nationwide permit verification, the permittee may transfer the nationwide permit verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the appropriate Corps district office to validate the transfer. A copy of the nationwide permit verification must be attached to the letter, and the letter must contain the following statement and signature:

"When the structures or work authorized by this nationwide permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this nationwide permit, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this nationwide permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below."

(Transferee)

__ (Date)

30. Compliance Certification. Each permittee who receives an NWP verification letter from the Corps must provide a signed certification documenting completion of the authorized activity and implementation of any required compensatory mitigation. The success of any required permittee-responsible mitigation, including the achievement of ecological performance standards, will be addressed separately by the district engineer. The Corps will provide the permittee the certification document with the NWP verification letter. The certification document will include:

(a) A statement that the authorized activity was done in accordance with the NWP authorization, including any general, regional, or activity-specific conditions;

(b) A statement that the

implementation of any required compensatory mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions. If credits from a mitigation bank or in-lieu fee program are used to satisfy the compensatory mitigation requirements, the certification must include the documentation required by 33 CFR 332.3(l)(3) to confirm that the permittee secured the appropriate number and resource type of credits; and

(c) The signature of the permittee certifying the completion of the activity and mitigation. The completed certification document must be submitted to the district engineer within 30 days of completion of the authorized activity or the implementation of any required compensatory mitigation, whichever occurs later.

31. Activities Affecting Structures or Works Built by the United States. If an NWP activity also requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) federally authorized Civil Works project (a "USACE project"), the prospective permittee must submit a preconstruction notification. See paragraph (b)(10) of general condition 32. An activity that requires section 408 permission is not authorized by NWP until the appropriate Corps office issues the section 408 permission to alter, occupy, or use the USACE project, and the district engineer issues a written NWP verification.

32. Pre-Construction Notification.

(a) Timing. Where required by the terms of the NWP, the prospective permittee must notify the district engineer by submitting a preconstruction notification (PCN) as early as possible. The district engineer must determine if the PCN is complete within 30 calendar days of the date of receipt and, if the PCN is determined to be incomplete, notify the prospective permittee within that 30 day period to request the additional information necessary to make the PCN complete. The request must specify the information needed to make the PCN complete. As a general rule, district engineers will request additional information necessary to make the PCN complete only once. However, if the prospective permittee does not provide all of the requested information, then the district engineer will notify the prospective permittee that the PCN is still incomplete and the PCN review process will not commence until all of the requested information has been received by the district engineer. The prospective permittee shall not begin the activity until either:

(1) He or she is notified in writing by the district engineer that the activity may proceed under the NWP with any special conditions imposed by the district or division engineer; or

(2) 45 calendar days have passed from the district engineer's receipt of the complete PCN and the prospective permittee has not received written notice from the district or division engineer. However, if the permittee was required to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 18 that listed species or critical habitat might be affected or are in the vicinity of the activity, or to notify the Corps pursuant to general condition 20 that the activity might have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, the permittee cannot begin the activity until receiving written notification from the Corps that there is "no effect" on listed species or "no potential to cause effects" on historic properties, or that any consultation required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(f)) and/or section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (see 33 CFR 330.4(g)) has been completed. Also, work cannot begin under NWPs 21, 49, or 50 until the permittee has received written approval from the Corps. If the proposed activity requires a written waiver to exceed specified limits of an NWP, the permittee may not begin

the activity until the district engineer issues the waiver. If the district or division engineer notifies the permittee in writing that an individual permit is required within 45 calendar days of receipt of a complete PCN, the permittee cannot begin the activity until an individual permit has been obtained. Subsequently, the permittee's right to proceed under the NWP may be modified, suspended, or revoked only in accordance with the procedure set forth in 33 CFR 330.5(d)(2).

(b) Contents of Pre-Construction Notification: The PCN must be in writing and include the following information:

 Name, address and telephone numbers of the prospective permittee;

(2) Location of the proposed activity;

(3) Identify the specific NWP or NWP(s) the prospective permittee wants to use to authorize the proposed activity;

(4) A description of the proposed activity; the activity's purpose; direct and indirect adverse environmental effects the activity would cause, including the anticipated amount of loss of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters expected to result from the NWP activity, in acres, linear feet, or other appropriate unit of measure; a description of any proposed mitigation measures intended to reduce the adverse environmental effects caused by the proposed activity; and any other NWP(s), regional general permit(s), or individual permit(s) used or intended to be used to authorize any part of the proposed project or any related activity, including other separate and distant crossings for linear projects that require Department of the Army authorization but do not require preconstruction notification. The description of the proposed activity and any proposed mitigation measures should be sufficiently detailed to allow the district engineer to determine that the adverse environmental effects of the activity will be no more than minimal and to determine the need for compensatory mitigation or other mitigation measures. For single and complete linear projects, the PCN must include the quantity of anticipated losses of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters for each single and complete crossing of those wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Sketches should be provided when necessary to show that the activity complies with the terms of the NWP. (Sketches usually clarify the activity and when provided results in a quicker decision. Sketches should contain sufficient detail to provide an illustrative description of the proposed activity (e.g., a conceptual plan), but do not need to be detailed engineering plans):

(5) The PCN must include a delineation of wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters, such as lakes and ponds, and perennial, intermittent, and ephemeral streams, on the project site. Wetland delineations must be prepared in accordance with the current method required by the Corps. The permittee may ask the Corps to delineate the special aquatic sites and other waters on the project site, but there may be a delay if the Corps does the delineation, especially if the project site is large or contains many wetlands, other special aquatic sites, and other waters. Furthermore, the 45 day period will not start until the delineation has been

submitted to or completed by the Corps, as appropriate;

(6) If the proposed activity will result in the loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands and a PCN is required, the prospective permittee must submit a statement describing how the mitigation requirement will be satisfied, or explaining why the adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal and why compensatory mitigation should not be required. As an alternative, the prospective permittee may submit a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan.

(7) For non-Federal permittees, if any listed species or designated critical habitat might be affected or is in the vicinity of the activity, or if the activity is located in designated critical habitat, the PCN must include the name(s) of those endangered or threatened species that might be affected by the proposed activity or utilize the designated critical habitat that might be affected by the proposed activity. For NWP activities that require pre-construction notification, Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with the Endangered Species Act;

(8) For non-Federal permittees, if the NWP activity might have the potential to cause effects to a historic property listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places, the PCN must state which historic property might have the potential to be affected by the proposed activity or include a vicinity map indicating the location of the historic property. For NWP activities that require pre-construction notification, Federal permittees must provide documentation demonstrating compliance with section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act;

(9) For an activity that will occur in a component of the National Wild and Scenic River System, or in a river officially designated by Congress as a "study river" for possible inclusion in the system while the river is in an official study status, the PCN must identify the Wild and Scenic River or the "study river" (see general condition 16); and

(10) For an activity that requires permission from the Corps pursuant to 33 U.S.C. 408 because it will alter or temporarily or permanently occupy or use a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers federally authorized civil works project, the preconstruction notification must include a statement confirming that the project proponent has submitted a written request for section 408 permission from the Corps office having jurisdiction over that USACE project.

(c) Form of Pre-Construction Notification: The standard individual permit application form (Form ENG 4345) may be used, but the completed application form must clearly indicate that it is an NWP PCN and must include all of the applicable information required in paragraphs (b)(1) through (10) of this general condition. A letter containing the required information may also be used. Applicants may provide electronic files of PCNs and supporting materials if the district engineer has established tools and procedures for electronic submittals.

(d) Agency Coordination:

(1) The district engineer will

consider any comments from Federal and state agencies concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs and the need for mitigation to reduce the activity's adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal.

(2) Agency coordination is required for: (i) all NWP activities that require preconstruction notification and result in the loss of greater than 1/2-acre of waters of the United States; (ii) NWP 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, and 52 activities that require pre-construction notification and will result in the loss of greater than 300 linear feet of stream bed; (iii) NWP 13 activities in excess of 500 linear feet, fills greater than one cubic yard per running foot, or involve discharges of dredged or fill material into special aquatic sites; and (iv) NWP 54 activities in excess of 500 linear feet, or that extend into the waterbody more than 30 feet from the mean low water line in tidal waters or the ordinary high water mark in the Great Lakes

(3) When agency coordination is required, the district engineer will immediately provide (e.g., via e-mail, facsimile transmission, overnight mail, or other expeditious manner) a copy of the complete PCN to the appropriate Federal or state offices (FWS, state natural resource or water quality agency, EPA, and, if appropriate, the NMFS). With the exception of NWP 37, these agencies will have 10 calendar days from the date the material is transmitted to notify the district engineer via telephone, facsimile transmission, or e-mail that they intend to provide substantive, site-specific comments. The comments must explain why the agency believes the adverse environmental effects will be more than minimal. If so contacted by an agency, the district engineer will wait an additional 15 calendar days before making a decision on the pre-construction notification. The district engineer will fully consider agency comments received within the specified time frame concerning the proposed activity's compliance with the terms and conditions of the NWPs, including the need for mitigation to ensure the net adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal. The district engineer will provide no response to the resource agency, except as provided below. The district engineer will indicate in the administrative record associated with each pre-construction notification that the resource agencies' concerns were considered. For NWP 37, the emergency watershed protection and rehabilitation activity may proceed immediately in cases where there is an unacceptable hazard to life or a significant loss of property or economic hardship will occur. The district engineer will consider any comments received to decide whether the NWP 37 authorization should be modified, suspended, or revoked in accordance with the procedures at 33 CFR 330.5.

(4) In cases of where the prospective permittee is not a Federal agency, the district engineer will provide a response to NMFS within 30 calendar days of receipt of any Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendations, as required by section 305(b)(4)(B) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act. (5) Applicants are encouraged to provide the Corps with either electronic files or multiple copies of pre-construction notifications to expedite agency coordination.

D. District Engineer's Decision

1. In reviewing the PCN for the proposed activity, the district engineer will determine whether the activity authorized by the NWP will result in more than minimal individual or cumulative adverse environmental effects or may be contrary to the public interest. If a project proponent requests authorization by a specific NWP, the district engineer should issue the NWP verification for that activity if it meets the terms and conditions of that NWP, unless he or she determines, after considering mitigation, that the proposed activity will result in more than minimal individual and cumulative adverse effects on the aquatic environment and other aspects of the public interest and exercises discretionary authority to require an individual permit for the proposed activity. For a linear project, this determination will include an evaluation of the individual crossings of waters of the United States to determine whether they individually satisfy the terms and conditions of the NWP(s), as well as the cumulative effects caused by all of the crossings authorized by NWP. If an applicant requests a waiver of the 300 linear foot limit on impacts to streams or of an otherwise applicable limit, as provided for in NWPs 13, 21, 29, 36, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 50, 51, 52, or

54, the district engineer will only grant the waiver upon a written determination that the NWP activity will result in only minimal individual and cumulative adverse environmental effects. For those NWPs that have a waivable 300 linear foot limit for losses of intermittent and ephemeral stream bed and a 1/2-acre limit (*i.e.*, NWPs 21, 29, 39, 40, 42, 43,

44, 50, 51, and 52), the loss of intermittent and ephemeral stream bed, plus any other losses of jurisdictional waters and wetlands, cannot exceed 1/2- acre.

2. When making minimal adverse environmental effects determinations the district engineer will consider the direct and indirect effects caused by the NWP activity. He or she will also consider the cumulative adverse environmental effects caused by activities authorized by NWP and whether those cumulative adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal. The district engineer will also consider site specific factors, such as the environmental setting in the vicinity of the NWP activity, the type of resource that will be affected by the NWP activity, the functions provided by the aquatic resources that will be affected by the NWP activity, the degree or magnitude to which the aquatic resources perform those functions, the extent that aquatic resource functions will be lost as a result of the NWP activity (e.g., partial or complete loss), the duration of the adverse effects (temporary or permanent), the importance of the aquatic resource functions to the region (e.g., watershed or ecoregion), and mitigation required by the district engineer. If an appropriate functional or condition assessment method is available and practicable to use, that assessment method may be used by the district engineer to assist in the minimal adverse environmental effects determination. The district engineer may add case-specific special conditions to the NWP authorization to address site-specific

environmental concerns.

3. If the proposed activity requires a PCN and will result in a loss of greater than 1/10-acre of wetlands, the prospective permittee should submit a mitigation proposal with the PCN. Applicants may also propose compensatory mitigation for NWP activities with smaller impacts, or for impacts to other types of waters (e.g., streams). The district engineer will consider any proposed compensatory mitigation or other mitigation measures the applicant has included in the proposal in determining whether the net adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are no more than minimal. The compensatory mitigation proposal may be either conceptual or detailed. If the district engineer determines that the activity complies with the terms and conditions of the NWP and that the adverse environmental effects are no more than minimal, after considering mitigation, the district engineer will notify the permittee and include any activity-specific conditions in the NWP verification the district engineer deems necessary. Conditions for compensatory mitigation requirements must comply with the appropriate provisions at 33 CFR 332.3(k). The district engineer must approve the final mitigation plan before the permittee commences work in waters of the United States, unless the district engineer determines that prior approval of the final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation. If the prospective permittee elects to submit a compensatory mitigation plan with the PCN, the district engineer will expeditiously review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan. The district engineer must review the proposed compensatory mitigation plan within 45 calendar days of receiving a complete PCN and determine whether the proposed mitigation would ensure the NWP activity results in no more than minimal adverse environmental effects. If the net adverse environmental effects of the NWP activity (after consideration of the mitigation proposal) are determined by the district engineer to be no more than minimal, the district engineer will provide a timely written response to the applicant. The response will state that the NWP activity can proceed under the terms and conditions of the NWP, including any activityspecific conditions added to the NWP authorization by the district engineer.

4. If the district engineer determines that the adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity are more than minimal, then the district engineer will notify the applicant either: (a) That the activity does not qualify for authorization under the NWP and instruct the applicant on the procedures to seek authorization under an individual permit; (b) that the activity is authorized under the NWP subject to the applicant's submission of a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal; or (c) that the activity is authorized under the NWP with specific modifications or conditions. Where the district engineer determines that mitigation is required to ensure no more than minimal adverse environmental effects, the activity will be authorized within the 45-day PCN period

(unless additional time is required to comply with general conditions 18, 20, and/or 31, or to evaluate PCNs for activities authorized by NWPs 21, 49, and 50), with activity-specific conditions that state the mitigation requirements. The authorization will include the necessary conceptual or detailed mitigation plan or a requirement that the applicant submit a mitigation plan that would reduce the adverse environmental effects so that they are no more than minimal. When compensatory mitigation is required, no work in waters of the United States may occur until the district engineer has approved a specific mitigation plan or has determined that prior approval of a final mitigation plan is not practicable or not necessary to ensure timely completion of the required compensatory mitigation.

Ε. **Further Information**

1. District Engineers have authority to determine if an activity complies with the terms and conditions of an NWP.

2. NWPs do not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local permits, approvals, or authorizations required by law.

3. NWPs do not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.

4. NWPs do not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.

5. NWPs do not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project (see general condition 31).

F. Definitions

Best management practices (BMPs): Policies, practices, procedures, or structures implemented to mitigate the adverse environmental effects on surface water quality resulting from development. BMPs are categorized as structural or nonstructural.

Compensatory mitigation: The restoration (re-establishment or rehabilitation), establishment (creation), enhancement, and/or in certain circumstances preservation of aquatic resources for the purposes of offsetting unavoidable adverse impacts which remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has heen achieved

Currently serviceable: Useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction.

Direct effects: Effects that are caused by the activity and occur at the same time and place.

Discharge: The term "discharge" means any discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States.

Ecological reference: A model used to plan and design an aquatic habitat and riparian area restoration, enhancement, or establishment activity under NWP 27. An ecological reference may be based on the structure, functions, and dynamics of an aquatic would be constructed even if the other phases habitat type or a riparian area type that currently exists in the region where the proposed NWP 27 activity is located. Alternatively, an ecological reference may be based on a conceptual model for the aquatic habitat type or riparian area type to be restored, enhanced, or established as a result of the proposed NWP 27 activity. An ecological

reference takes into account the range of variation of the aquatic habitat type or riparian area type in the region.

Enhancement: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of an aquatic resource to heighten, intensify, or improve a specific aquatic resource function(s).

Enhancement results in the gain of selected aquatic resource function(s), but may also lead to a decline in other aquatic resource function(s). Enhancement does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

Ephemeral stream: An ephemeral stream has flowing water only during, and for a short duration after, precipitation events in a typical year. Ephemeral stream beds are located above the water table year-round. Groundwater is not a source of water for the stream. Runoff from rainfall is the primary source of water for stream flow.

Establishment (creation): The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics present to develop an aquatic resource that did not previously exist at an upland site. Establishment results in a gain in aquatic resource area.

High Tide Line: The line of intersection of the land with the water's surface at the maximum height reached by a rising tide. The high tide line may be determined, in the absence of actual data, by a line of oil or scum along shore objects, a more or less continuous deposit of fine shell or debris on the foreshore or berm, other physical markings or characteristics, vegetation lines, tidal gages, or other suitable means that delineate the general height reached by a rising tide. The line encompasses spring high tides and other high tides that occur with periodic frequency but does not include storm surges in which there is a departure from the normal or predicted reach of the tide due to the piling up of water against a coast by strong winds such as those accompanying a hurricane or other intense storm

Historic Property: Any prehistoric or historic district, site (including archaeological site), building, structure, or other object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National Register of Historic Places maintained by the Secretary of the Interior. This term includes artifacts, records, and remains that are related to and located within such properties. The term includes properties of traditional religious and cultural importance to an Indian tribe or Native Hawaiian organization and that meet the National Register criteria (36 CFR part 60).

Independent utility: A test to determine what constitutes a single and

complete non-linear project in the Corps Regulatory Program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

Indirect effects: Effects that are caused by the activity and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable.

Intermittent stream: An intermittent stream has flowing water during certain

times of the year, when groundwater provides water for stream flow. During dry periods, intermittent streams may not have flowing water. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Loss of waters of the United States: Waters of the United States that are permanently adversely affected by

filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the regulated activity.

Permanent adverse effects include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. The acreage of loss of waters of the United States is a threshold measurement of the impact to jurisdictional waters for determining whether a project may qualify for an NWP; it is not a net threshold that is calculated after considering compensatory mitigation that may be used to offset losses of aquatic functions and services. The loss of stream bed includes the acres or linear feet of stream bed that are filled or excavated as a result of the regulated activity.

Waters of the United States temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, or drained, but restored to pre-construction contours and elevations after construction, are not included in the measurement of loss of waters of the United States. Impacts resulting from activities that do not require Department of the Army authorization, such as activities eligible for exemptions under section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act, are not considered when calculating the loss of waters of the United States.

Navigable waters: Waters subject to section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899. These waters are defined at 33 CFR part 329.

Non-tidal wetland: A non-tidal wetland is a wetland that is not subject to the ebb and flow of tidal waters. Non- tidal wetlands contiguous to tidal waters are located landward of the high tide line (*i.e.*, spring high tide line).

Open water: For purposes of the NWPs, an open water is any area that in a year with normal patterns of precipitation

has water flowing or standing above ground to the extent that an ordinary high water mark can be determined. Aquatic vegetation within the area of flowing or standing water is either non-emergent, sparse, or absent. Vegetated shallows are considered to be open waters. Examples of "open waters" include rivers, streams, lakes, and ponds.

Ordinary High Water Mark: An ordinary high water mark is a line on the shore established by the fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics, or by other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas.

Perennial stream: A perennial stream has flowing water year-round during a typical year. The water table is located above the stream bed for most of the year. Groundwater is the primary source of water for stream flow. Runoff from rainfall is a supplemental source of water for stream flow.

Practicable: Available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.

Pre-construction notification: A request submitted by the project proponent to the Corps for confirmation that a particular activity is authorized by nationwide permit. The request may be a permit application, letter, or similar document that includes information about the proposed work and its anticipated environmental effects. Pre- construction notification may be required by the terms and conditions of a nationwide permit, or by regional conditions. A pre-construction notification may be voluntarily submitted in cases where pre- construction notification is not required and the project proponent wants confirmation that the activity is authorized by nationwide permit. Preservation: The removal of a threat to, or preventing the decline of, aquatic

resources by an action in or near those aquatic resources. This term includes activities commonly associated with the protection and maintenance of aquatic resources through the implementation of appropriate legal and physical mechanisms. Preservation does not result in a gain of aquatic resource area or functions.

Protected tribal resources: Those natural resources and properties of traditional or customary religious or cultural importance, either on or off Indian lands, retained by, or reserved by or for, Indian tribes through treaties, statutes, judicial decisions, or executive orders, including tribal trust resources.

Re-establishment: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former aquatic resource. Re- establishment results in rebuilding a former aquatic resource and results in a gain in aquatic resource area and functions.

Rehabilitation: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of repairing natural/historic functions to a degraded aquatic resource. Rehabilitation results in a gain in aquatic resource function, but does not result in a gain in aquatic resource area.

Restoration: The manipulation of the physical, chemical, or biological characteristics of a site with the goal of returning natural/historic functions to a former or degraded aquatic resource. For the purpose of tracking net gains in aquatic resource area, restoration is divided into two categories: Reestablishment and rehabilitation.

Riffle and pool complex: Riffle and pool complexes are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. Riffle and pool complexes sometimes characterize steep gradient sections of streams. Such stream sections are recognizable by their hydraulic characteristics. The rapid movement of water over a course substrate in riffles results in a rough flow, a turbulent surface, and high dissolved oxygen levels in the water. Pools are deeper areas associated with riffles. A slower stream velocity, a streaming flow, a smooth surface, and a finer substrate characterize pools.

Riparian areas: Riparian areas are lands next to streams, lakes, and estuarine-marine shorelines. Riparian areas are transitional between terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, through which surface and subsurface hydrology connects riverine, lacustrine, estuarine, and marine waters with their adjacent wetlands, non-wetland waters, or uplands. Riparian areas provide a variety of ecological functions and services and help improve or maintain local water quality. (See general condition 23.)

Shellfish seeding: The placement of shellfish seed and/or suitable substrate to increase shellfish production. Shellfish seed consists of immature individual shellfish or individual shellfish attached to shells or shell fragments (*i.e.*, spat on shell). Suitable substrate may consist of shellfish shells, shell fragments, or other appropriate materials placed into waters for shellfish habitat.

Single and complete linear project: A linear project is a project constructed for the purpose of getting people, goods, or services from a point of origin to a terminal point, which often involves multiple crossings of one or more waterbodies at separate and distant locations. The term "single and complete project" is defined as that portion of the total linear project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers that includes all crossings of a single water of the United States (i.e., a single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single or multiple waterbodies several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project for purposes of NWP authorization. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies, and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately.

Single and complete non-linear project: For non-linear projects, the term "single and complete project" is defined at 33 CFR 330.2(i) as the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. A single and complete non-linear project must have independent utility (see definition of "independent utility"). Single and complete nonlinear projects may not be "piecemealed" to avoid the limits in an NWP authorization.

Stormwater management: Stormwater management is the mechanism for controlling stormwater runoff for the purposes of reducing downstream erosion, water quality degradation, and flooding and mitigating the adverse effects of changes in land use on the aquatic environment.

Stormwater management facilities: Stormwater management facilities are those facilities, including but not limited to, stormwater retention and detention ponds and best management practices, which retain water for a period of time to control runoff and/or improve the quality (*i.e.*, by reducing the concentration of nutrients, sediments, hazardous substances and other pollutants) of stormwater runoff.

Stream bed: The substrate of the stream channel between the ordinary high water marks. The substrate may be bedrock or inorganic particles that range in size from clay to boulders. Wetlands contiguous to the stream bed, but outside of the ordinary high water marks, are not considered part of the stream bed. Stream channelization: The manipulation of a stream's course, condition, capacity, or location that causes more than minimal interruption of normal stream processes. A channelized stream remains a water of the United States.

Structure: An object that is arranged in a definite pattern of organization. Examples of structures include, without limitation, any pier, boat dock, boat ramp, wharf, dolphin, weir, boom, breakwater, bulkhead, revetment, riprap, jetty, artificial island, artificial reef, permanent mooring structure, power transmission line, permanently moored floating vessel, piling, aid to navigation, or any other manmade obstacle or obstruction.

Tidal wetland: A tidal wetland is a jurisdictional wetland that is inundated by tidal waters. Tidal waters rise and fall in a predictable and measurable rhythm or cycle due to the gravitational pulls of the moon and sun. Tidal waters end where the rise and fall of the water surface can no longer be practically measured in a predictable rhythm due to masking by other waters, wind, or other effects. Tidal wetlands are located channelward of the high tide line.

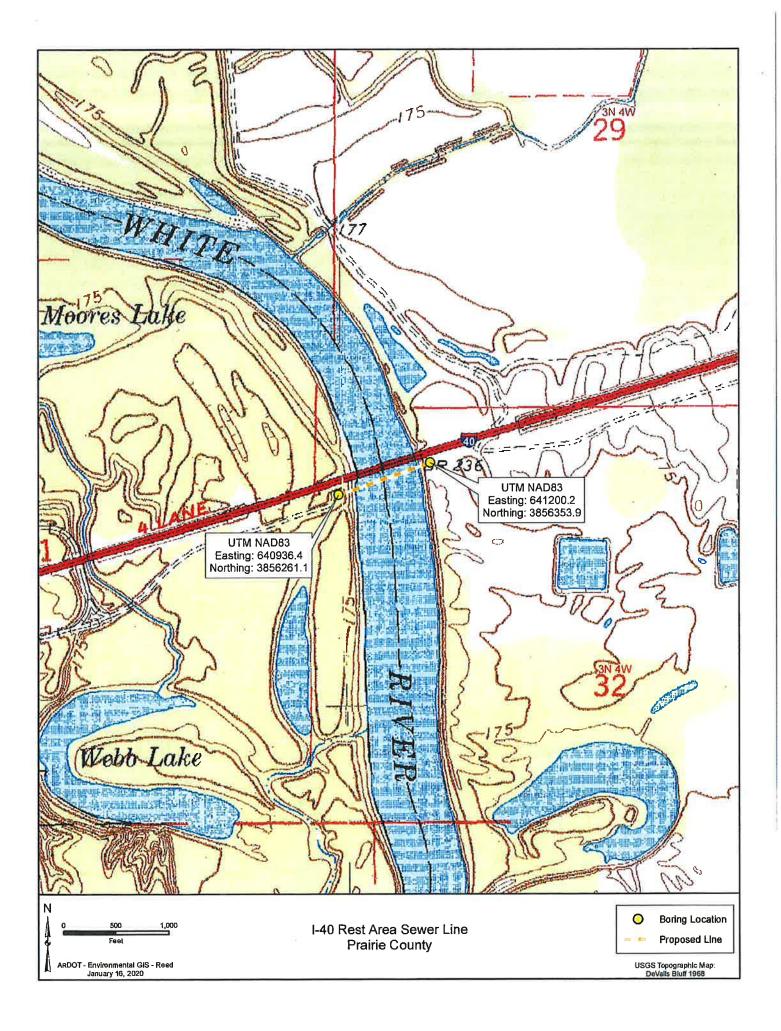
Tribal lands: Any lands title to which is either: (1) Held in trust by the United States for the benefit of any Indian tribe or individual; or (2) held by any Indian tribe or individual subject to restrictions by the United States against alienation.

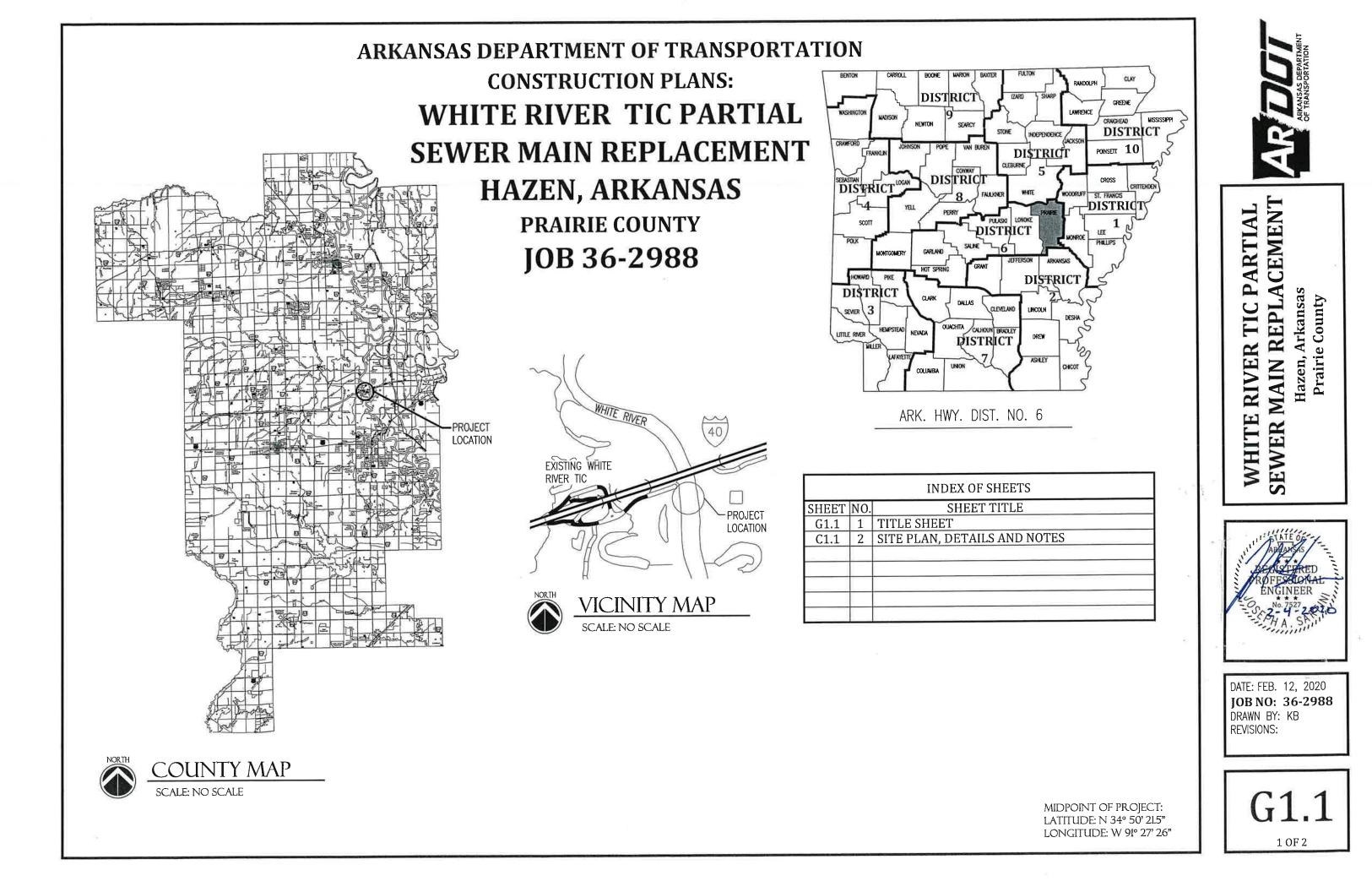
Tribal rights: Those rights legally accruing to a tribe or tribes by virtue of inherent sovereign authority, unextinguished aboriginal title, treaty, statute, judicial decisions, executive order or agreement, and that give rise to legally enforceable remedies.

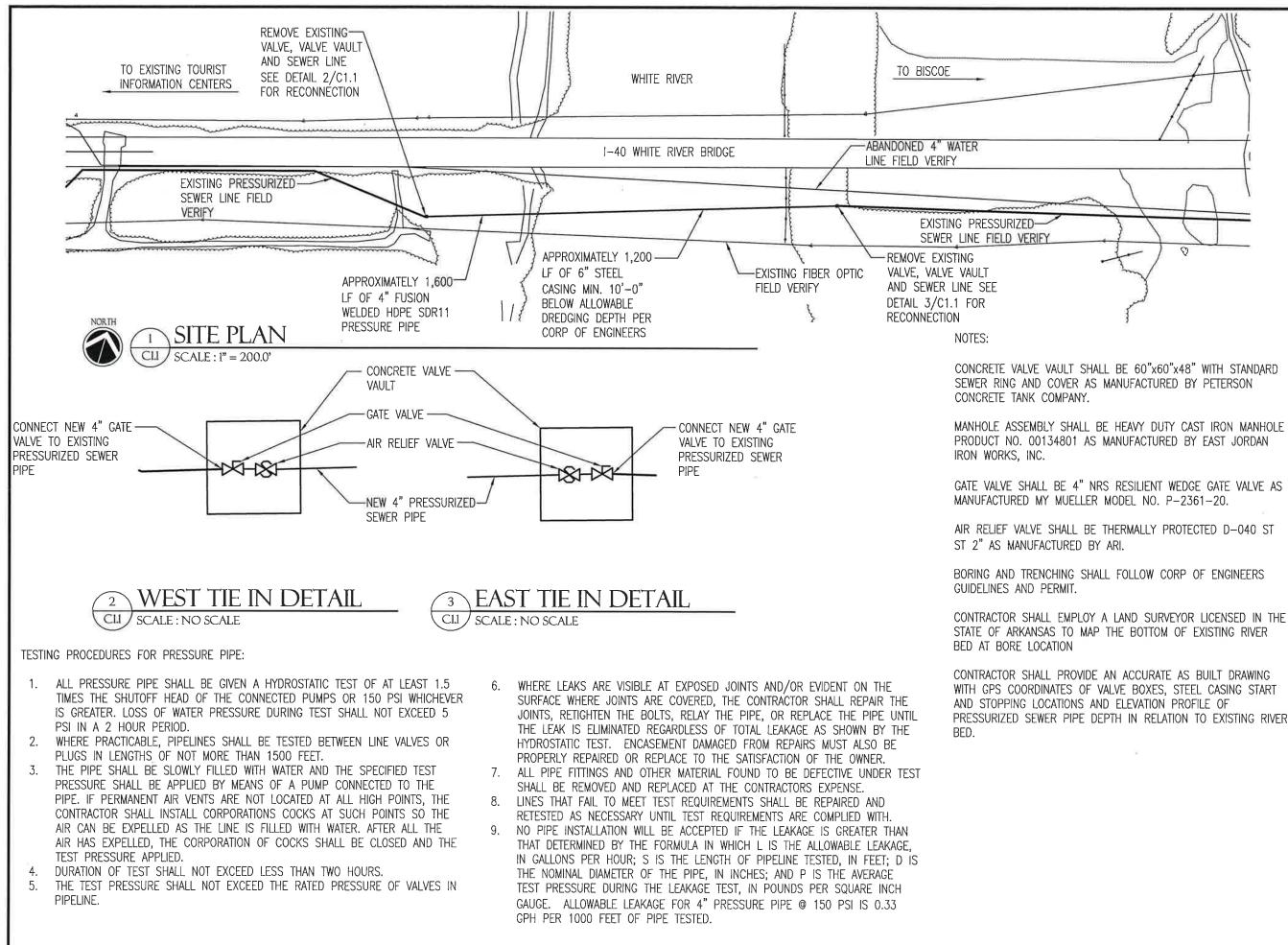
Vegetated shallows: Vegetated shallows are special aquatic sites under the 404(b)(1) Guidelines. They are areas that are permanently inundated and under normal circumstances have rooted aquatic vegetation, such as seagrasses in marine and estuarine systems and a variety of vascular rooted plants in freshwater systems.

Waterbody: For purposes of the NWPs, a waterbody is a jurisdictional water of the United States. If a wetland is adjacent to a waterbody determined to be a water of the United States, that waterbody and any adjacent wetlands are considered together as a single aquatic unit (see 33 CFR 328.4(c)(2)). Examples of "waterbodies" include streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, and wetlands.

[FR Doc. 2016-31355 Filed 1-5-17; 8:45 am]









MAIN REPLACEMENT ARTIAL 2 Arkansas **Prairie County** TIC RIVER Hazen, WHITE SEWER

DATE: FEB. 12, 2020 **IOB NO: 36-2988** DRAWN BY: KB **REVISIONS:**

